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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: MONDAY APRIL 12, 1937

PRICE: ONE ANNA

Br. Battle Cruisers For Spain?

Madrid Heavily Shelled

Govt. Attacks On Basque Front

British Cargo Boat Prevented From Entering Bilbao

LONDON, April 11. Madrid.—The capital this morning experienced some of the heaviest shelling it has suffered for months, shells falling indiscriminately on the main streets of the City. A waiter was killed, and four customers, sitting in a cafe window, wounded. Another shell burst two blocks away from the British Embassy.

Opinion is generally expressed, that the shelling is a reprisal for the heavy Government attack against various rebel positions.

Government artillery replied heavily bombarding insurgent lines, on the outskirts of the City, while planes bombed insurgent entrenchment at Casadecampo. Government forces are reported to have consolidated the new position they have taken on the west of the Manzanares River, and also occupied several new lines of trenches at Casadecampo.

GOVT. ATTACK.

Santander.—Government attacks are reported to have been opened on important objectives, on the Basque front, but it is too early to say with what result.

CIVILIAN CASUALTIES.

Valencia.—Five civilians have been killed and several injured in air raid on village of Sagunto, eighteen miles from here.

GOVT. LOSS.

Salamanca.—Insurgent headquarters claim that fresh Government attacks on the Madrid sector have been repulsed, with heavy Government losses.—Reuter.

BRITISH CRUISER FOR SPAIN?

GIBRALTAR, APRIL 10. Battle cruiser "Hood" now here is leaving shortly for an unknown destination.

Reuter was officially informed this evening that she had been ordered to proceed to sea and await instructions.

Naval authorities state that her departure has nothing to do with recent cases of interference with British shipping of the Spanish coast.—Reuter.

TOWARDS SPAIN?

GIBRALTAR, April 11. Battle cruiser "Hood" sailed westward.

It is learned from a most reliable source that she will proceed to the north coast of Spain.—Reuter.

ANOTHER CRUISER FOLLOWS

LONDON, April 11. In connection with the departure of the "Hood" from Gibraltar, reported to be for the north coast of Spain, it is learned that the British Cruiser "Shropshire" is being sent from Gibraltar to augment the British naval forces there, at present consisting of the four destroyers, "Blanche," "Brilliant," "Brazen," and "Beagle" operating from St. Jean de Luz.—Reuter.

Another British Cargo Boat

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, April 10. Another British cargo boat, "MacGregor" has arrived here also bound for Bilbao with foodstuffs.—Reuter.

STOPPED BY REBEL CRUISER

HENDAYE, April 10. It is learned that another British cargo boat, "Seven Seas Trade," was stopped by an insurgent cruiser off Bilbao and was prevented from entering the harbour.

It is understood after some parley the ship consented to return to the French port.—Reuter.

Congress Attitude Warmly Welcomed

"C. R.'s" Impressions Of Reactions: 'Dummy' Ministry Denounced

MADRAS, April 11. Disappointed, on the contrary they eagerly await a great struggle, declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, who returned to Madras, this morning, from his Andhra tour, interviewed by the Associated Press.

Mr. Rajagopalachari, in the course of his tour, addressed, in five important centres of the Andhra Desa, largely attended meetings, the audience at each of them averaging 10,000. At all the meetings the attitude of the Congress was warmly approved, and resolutions were adopted enthusiastically according support to the Congress and denouncing the 'dummy' Ministry.

"I expect," proceeded Mr. Rajagopalachari, "the constituencies, all over the Presidency will be kept busy in the coming months."

colleagues. The reactions from our point of view have been very satisfactory, and they may almost be said to be beyond our expectations. There is special feeling of satisfaction at Mahatma Gandhi being in the thick of the quarrel.

END OF IMPASSE?

The Associated Press understands that there is strong feeling in non-Congress circles in Madras that the impasse created by the failure of negotiations between the Governors and Congress leaders over the formation of Ministries will be soon ended in the interests of peace and constitutional progress of the country. With this end in view and in order to review the political situation, informal talks are likely to take place shortly between leaders of these groups.

NEITHER FASCISM NOR COMMUNISM

Baldwin On Britain's Constitutional Problems

LONDON, April 10. Much sentimental interest attached to a meeting of the Bewdley Unionist Association at Worcester this afternoon when Mr. Baldwin for the first time openly referred to his impending retirement.

"It may not be so very long," said the Premier "before you have to choose another member for Worcester."

A highly sympathetic audience listened, while he referred to the burdens of office and said that he had always resolved for the sake of the country and everybody concerned to ask to be relieved of office when he felt he had given of his best and felt doubts as regards the future. The responsibility that the Prime Ministers of Britain had to bear year after year sapped the vitality of the strongest. He considered his judgment to be as good as it ever had been, but was conscious that his vitality had somewhat sapped.

The speech was largely reminiscent but the Prime Minister said that neither of those ideas could ever do anything to help this country in solving her own constitutional problems. He believed that either would be terrible danger. No man who brought about changes by force could maintain himself except by continuation of force.—Reuter.

J. C. Bannerjee Dead

NEW DELHI, April 11. The death took place yesterday evening of the Hon. J. C. Bannerjee, Member of the Council of State, who had been ill for some time.—A.P.

J. C. Bannerjee's Funeral

NEW DELHI, April 11. The funeral of the Honourable Mr. J. C. Bannerjee, who passed away last night at 11, took place this morning at Juma burning ghat and was largely attended. A large number of his friends and admirers including Sir Jagdish Prasad, Rai Bahadur Ramasaran Das, Rai Bahadur A. L. Bannerjee, Rai Bahadur D. Dutt, Mr. V. K. Kalikar, Mr. Hoosain Inam, and other members of the Assembly and the Council of State many others called at his residence at Windsor Place, this morning.

The Hon'ble J. C. Bannerjee was 54 at the time of his death. He leaves behind a widow, three brothers and a wide circle of friends and relations to mourn his loss.—United Press.

"Statesman" On Gandhiji's Statement

CALCUTTA, April 11. In a leading article, under the caption "From General to Particular," the "Statesman" says that Mr. Gandhi's reply to Lord Zetland's statement has great merit, as it keeps open the door for negotiations, which the more extreme section of the Congress, is vigorously asserting has been banged, bolted and barred. But our objection to the whole controversy, is that it deals with general and not particular, and gets no one anywhere. There is now the dangerous possibility that the spirit of the Act may be lost sight of, and there will be some petty wrangling about prestige.

In the meantime, the Congress is being allowed to get away with its platform, because no authoritative voice challenges the platform on which it won the elections in six provinces. If the Act means anything, at all, the fullest consultation is bound to take place. Any 'de haut en bas' attitude is definitely ruled out. There is a bad past behind us, and there may be a worst future. But, at present, the Congress represents a clear majority, and this by constitutional means. Now is a golden moment, if the Congress is to remain in the Constitutional path.

CONFERENCE OF U. P. M.L.A.'S.

Meeting On May 2 And 3: Formulating Programme For Assembly

LUCKNOW, April 11. The Congress Party in the U. P. Assembly has resolved at its meeting to-day to convene a Conference of all members of the Assembly on May 2 and 3 with a view to formulating a programme for the resolution of the electorate. The resolution 'inter alia' states that this decision is being taken as the Governor has declined to summon a session of the Legislature with the result that popular will is being thwarted ceaselessly day to day.

The meeting authorised Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Party, to send invitation to the members to attend the Conference and prepare an agenda for the same.—United Press.

RAFI AHMED KIDWAI CONGRATULATED

LUCKNOW, April 11. A meeting of the Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature was held this afternoon under the presidency of Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, in the Committee Room of the Council House. About a hundred members attended. The meeting which commenced at one p.m. continued till about 10 p.m.

Pandit Pant congratulated Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai who has been returned unopposed to the Assembly, and who is the first Muslim returned on the Congress ticket. The Pandit added: This showed that the Muslims' heart was with the Congress.

Pandit Pant gave an account of his conversation with the Governor in connection with the formation of Ministry. The Pandit added he had told the Governor that public servants were being used to fight the Congress and the latter were doing so for they knew that even if Congress formed Ministry they would be under the special powers of the Governor.

Continuing, the Pandit declared that unless the Governor assured them that he would not use such special powers the Congress could not take responsibility. He liked Marquis Zetland's speech for one thing, that is it left no doubt as to what was to happen. The Marquis of Zetland had banged the door against any compromise. He protested against Lord Zetland's raising a communal issue.

Pandit Pant also criticised the U. P. Governor's attitude in not calling the U. P. Muslim League which was the next biggest Party after the Congress to form a Ministry.—A.P.

Sapru To See Governor

ALLAHABAD, April 10. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is expected to proceed to Lucknow on April 15 with a view to meeting the Governor.—United Press.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

Office-Bearers Elected

BOMBAY, Saturday. The annual general meeting of the Journalist Association of India was held in the hall of the Western India Liberal Association at Esplanade Road on Saturday.

After the presentation of the annual report of the Association for the year ended 1936, the meeting elected the following office-bearers: Mr. K. Natrajan-President. Messrs. K. P. Khadlikar, N. C. Kelkar, B. G. Horniman and T. Prakasham Vice-Presidents. Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Chairman of the Executive Committee.

ITALY PROMISES INVESTIGATION

Echo Of Expulsion Of American Women From Ethiopia

WASHINGTON, April 10. The Italian foreign office has promised investigation into the reports that three American women missionaries have been expelled from Ethiopia.

Ambassador William Phillips has informed the State Department that the Foreign Office had told him that it was at present without information on the report which said that the women had been expelled for being in "close contact" with British officer suspected of espionage.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR'S TEMPERATURE RISING

Disquieting News From Anand Bhawan

ALLAHABAD, April 11. The latest report from Anand Bhawan regarding Pandit Jawahar Nehru's health is "the rising of temperature continues."—A.P.

CANADA'S LOYALTY TO THE KING

OTTAWA, April 10. The House of Commons adopted by acclamation an address of loyalty to the King on the occasion of the coronation moved by Prime Minister Mackenzie King. An address also expressed loyalty and devotion to Queen Elizabeth.—Reuter's Special.

HYDERABAD TRAGEDY.

10 Injured And One Killed In Roof Collapse

(From Our Correspondent.) HYDERABAD, (Dn.), April 11. Pathetic scenes were witnessed last night when several labourers, engaged in Hyderabad Residency for constructing residential quarters for Residency Secretariat officials, were entrapped owing to the roof of a building collapsing suddenly. As a result ten persons received injuries but very few are serious. A child of four years, who was missing since last night was found to-day dead.

All have been injured, of whom some are women. They have been shifted to Osmania General Hospital for treatment. The condition of two or three is said to be precarious.

Enquiries made indicate that labourers, while they were engaged in the work of building construction, the roof came down, iron beams and girders also falling, due to which labourers received serious injuries, some breaking their heads, arms and legs.

The latest information regarding casualties in last evening's verandah collapse, in the Residency, is to the effect that eight men and two women were seriously injured. The dead body of a child has been recovered from the debris which was cleared this morning.—A.P.

"Dufferin" Governing Body Members

NEW DELHI, April 10. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, and Mr. Syed Munawar have been re-appointed members of the Governing Body of the Indian Mercantile Marine Training Ship, "Dufferin," for a period of two years with effect from April 7, 1937.—United Press.

Samaldas L. Gandhi, Hon. Secretaries. Mr. A. S. Bharatan, Treasurer. Messrs. R. K. Prabhu, K. D. Umrigar, D. Thomas, U. G. Sirur, A. K. Ayengar, A. Subharao J. J. Desai, R. K. Tatnis, Y. K. Khadlikar, A. S. E. Iyer and M. Harris as Members of the Executive Committee.

Be Prepared For General Election

KHER'S CALL TO CONGRESS M.L.A.'s.

It Is Clear Governor Will Not Call Meeting Of Legislatures He Says

POONA, April 11. The "United Press" reliably understands that Mr. B. G. Kher, Leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Legislature, has sent a letter to all the Congress members in both the Houses.

Interim Cabinet Condemned

After narrating his talks with His Excellency the Governor and the developments that led to the refusal of offices, Mr. Kher is understood to have made a scathing criticism of the present 'interim' Ministry.

Governor's Move

He is further understood to have stated in the letter that having created this unpopular Ministry it is clear that the Governor will not call an early meeting of the

Legislature. The Act permits a maximum delay of six months for the summoning of the new Legislature and Government would not hesitate to take full advantage of this provision. In the meantime the Ministers will be asked to create followers and put forward attractive paper-programmes.

Prepare For Election Mr. Kher then sounds a clarion call to all the Congress members to be prepared for the next election. He has expressed his intention to tour round the constituencies to acquaint the electorate with the present situation.

Provincial Convention The question of summoning a Provincial Convention of all Congress members to review the developments is under consideration.—United Press.

Zetland's Speech Lacking In Constructive Suggestion

"Not Yet Too Late To Avert Crisis," Opines Sir T. B. Sapru

ALLAHABAD, April 11. The following statement has been issued by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru: "Having considered the situation arising out of the statement of Lord Zetland, I am of the opinion that as far as the issue of the controversy is concerned his speech is lacking in any constructive suggestion and, therefore, disappointing. The position for the moment is that both sides have banged the door. On the legal and constitutional aspect of the question I have nothing more to say, but on the political side I think Lord Zetland not only might have, but should have, taken a different line. It looks as if prestige on both sides is the barrier."

"I think the position has been once again wellput by the 'Statesman' in its issue of April 11, when it said 'we don't care how or to whom the position is explained,

whether by the Governors to the provincial leaders or by the Viceroy in a speech or by any other clear means."

"NOT TOO LATE YET"

"In my opinion it is not too late yet to seek fresh avenues for the removal of the misapprehensions. It may yet be that personal contacts may succeed where arguments from a distance have failed and may lead to the verdict of the electorate being vindicated by the formation of Cabinets by the majority party. If all this is impossible I think the assemblies should be summoned at an early date, and the constitutional position which may then emerge should be faced instead of allowing the situation to deteriorate and political feeling being allowed to grow on lines on which it is developing."—A.P.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON COMMITTEE?

Opposition To India Govt. Delegate's Suggestion

WASHINGTON, April 11. Sir Firoz Khan Noon, the Indian Government delegate, suggested at the Textile Conference that an International Cotton Committee be instituted to regulate the supply and price of raw cotton. The suggestion met with some opposition on the grounds that it amounted to an international cartel of a monopolistic nature.—Reuter.

ANOTHER GERMAN EXPEDITION

Embarking For India To Scale Nangaparbat

MUNICH, April 10. German expedition to Himalayas left for Genoa from where it will be embarking for India. The expedition will reattempt to scale Nangaparbat. The expedition consists of nine members and its leader is doctor Hans Wilsa.—Reuter's Special.

"VICEROY OF INDIA" REFLOATS

CAIRO, April 10. Before refloating, the "Viceroy of India" is reported to have stuck fast and the Canal was completely blocked.

Over 300 passengers of "Orontes" and the "Viceroy of India" left for Suez from Cairo to-night by special embarking by launch.

The Maharaja of Bikanir with his suite from the "Viceroy of India" left for Port Said from Suez by car.—Reuter.

RUDDER OF "VICEROY OF INDIA" BENT

LONDON, April 11. "The Viceroy of India is now anchored in Bitter Lakes, thirty miles from Port Said, according to a P and O official who, interviewed by Reuter, said that as a strong wind was blowing, she would not be moved, at present, but tugs are standing by, to take her to Port Said.

Port Said.—Divers examination has revealed that the "Viceroy of India's" rudder has bent. Further examination is being held. Traffic in the canal has been resumed.—Reuter.

CHRONICLE ADLETS

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INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycle and Motorcycle", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods", "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instruments", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel", "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Rs. 1 for 10 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertised, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week Full rate
Three and over in a week 25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement. All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until called. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No. 'The Bombay Chronicle', Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No. 'Bombay Chronicle'" will be charged for.

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No. by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—Applications for the post of an Organiser on salary basis. Apply to the Branch Secretary, Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Chowta Bridge, Surat. (7989)

Wanted a Lady Doctor holding L.O.P.S. Diploma with experience in child welfare and maternity work, of at least 5 years. Applications stating age, caste, and minimum salary expected should reach the undersigned not later than 20th April. V. M. Durve, President, Kalyan Municipality. (5730).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Salesman to Secure Orders for an every-day household necessity. Bright prospects for really energetic persons. Apply Box No. 2641, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a smart typist with general office experience. Bengali or Madras preferred. Salary Rs. 40 according to qualifications. Apply stating references, Box No. 8053, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two energetic young men, must be graduates of Bombay University to do outdoor calling as representatives. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 2656, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A whole time Governor and Tutor to teach in all school subjects for a girl in an Indian accomplished family, with prospects for a continental tour with the girl. Boarding and lodging free. Apply till April 15, '37, with photo and copies of testimonials and minimum pay acceptable, etc., to Box No. 8034, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Organisers and Chief Agents for Gujarat, Rajputana and Central Provinces. Liberal terms. Apply Katsar-I-Hind Insurance Company, Ltd., 11, Bank Street, Bombay. (8061).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Extensively experienced Stenographer with first-class European references, knowing Book-keeping, desires permanent situation in good concern. P. A. Risbud, 6, Dhaswadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay, No. 2.

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts. Prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramkrishnan, C/o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay.

A B.Com. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing—Optional; German Second language: 30 Speed in Typewriting. G. R. K. Murty, C/o Y. S. Rao, B.A., M.L., Vakils, Jaines Street, Secunderabad, (Deccan).

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Sallan, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Wanted situation by experienced shorthand typist with knowledge of Engineering and Machinery business. H. J. Sonelji, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay.

Situation wanted by England-returned Agriculture and Forestryman. Good business organising capacity. Write to Box No. 2761, "Bombay Chronicle."

Fourteen years' experienced Inspector of Co-operative Societies, knowing correspondence and accounts works seeks employment. Apply to Box No. 2713, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young and experienced Cashier wants position as accountant with reputable firm. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakia, Jamnagar.

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

To Increase Sales
Use "Chronicle"

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk, Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedi Daruvala, Opp. Poddars Blocks, Meher Villa, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

An experienced, energetic and honest teacher and businessman wants employment as a tutor, guardian or travelling agent with a consolidated allowance or pay or correspondent clerk. Apply to Box No. 2680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Competent, energetic and young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Parsee youth, well-versed with Accounts work, correspondence and general office routine, seeks employment in Bombay or mofussil as accounts clerk. Willing to work out-door if necessary. Excellent testimonials. Will accept any reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2703, "Bombay Chronicle."

An experienced advocate with 10 years' Secretariat experience seeks suitable employment as Secretary, office assistant, personal secretary to legislative members. Please write to Box No. 2782, "Bombay Chronicle."

Very influential, honest, hard-working former businessman, widely travelled in India, now seeks job of salesman with any reputable business concern or manufacturer either locally or in uncountry. Will accept reasonable salary. Best references. Please write to Box No. 2789, "Bombay Chronicle."

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2727, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young man with 6 years' experience in business lines seeks situation on reasonable salary. Desires position with any reliable firm or manufacturer as canvasser, representative or commission agent. Apply to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle."

European with good references, seeks a post as Advertising Representative in a Newspaper or as a Canvasser with a Job Press. Well experienced in the Printing trade. Reply to Box No. 2762, "Bombay Chronicle."

Efficient Stenographer with five years' experience in a Semi-Government and Commercial offices seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. V. S. Sarang, J. K. Building, No. 1, 1st floor, Room No. 14, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Young Parsee seeks job of clerk, typist, salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. A good all-round cricketer too, having played well-known cup matches. Apply Box No. 2774, "Bombay Chronicle."

Chief Clerk and Accountant with excellent references seeks situation. Has experience of oil business. Served as Manager of sports club. Please write to Box No. 2695, "Bombay Chronicle."

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for shop which was lately occupied by Marcks and Co., now by Hoar and Co., at Esplanade Road, from 1st May 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazee Trust, No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (8014).

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price. Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2579 "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

73. AGENTS WANTED.

The Mutual Life Assurance Corp., Ltd., paying unheard annual bonus Rs. 62-8 on Whole Life and Rs. 60 on Endowment per Rs. 1,000 requires Chief District Agents everywhere on liberal commission and handsome allowance. Persons experienced and can guarantee business need apply Post Box No. 50, Baroda. (5237).

AGENCIES WANTED

Old established European Madras Textile Firm are willing to act as Sole Agents for Madras Presidency for Indian Mill producing piece-goods, Cotton Yarns. Excellent opportunity for extending Mill's turnover. Apply Box No. 5726, "Bombay Chronicle."

NAME TAPES

Woven names, save laundry losses, identify clothing and linen. The permanent, safe, economical method of marking. Write to Box No. 2781, "Bombay Chronicle" for particulars.

FOR SALE

For Sale—Santa-Cruz East of Railway Half mile from station—a property comprising 12836 sq. Yards land with two two-storeyed bungalows and outhouses. Apply Box No. 5177, "Bombay Chronicle."

LEATHER GOODS

Keys, locks, parts for all trunks, luggage. Seams lock service. Zipper repair. Reasonable charges. Apply to Box No. 2798, "Bombay Chronicle". Private enterprise.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Wanted—Ellis' Psychology Of Sex similar books, Carrington publications, Art books photos, Murray's Oxford English Dictionary, Ency. Brit. 14th edition. Apply to Box No. 2639, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Military Engineer Services Handbook Vol. II (Architecture) and Vol. IV (Elec. Mech. and Water Supply). Secondhand copies of either or both accepted for full original price. Write to Box No. 2769 "Bombay Chronicle"

DAIRY REQUISITES

For Sale—Milk Separator Crescent Incubator, Apply to Box No. 2777, "Bombay Chronicle."

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Two Fine Emeralds of extraordinary size and several antique curios, very old collection, rate attractive, quick transaction. Apply to Box No. 2748 "Bombay Chronicle"

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

For Sale—Refrigerator—H.M.V.—Medium Size—Rs. 400/- Carpets crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, etc reasonable. Apply to Box No. 2779 "Bombay Chronicle"

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

All-Steel Shelving Roneo Cabinets, office furniture, Partition, etc. every article a bargain. Apply to Box No. 2753 "Bombay Chronicle"

AUTOMOBILES

Morris Eight 4-door Saloon, mileage 9,300. European owned, new battery. Rs. 1,900. No. brokers. Apply to Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle"

Morris 8 H.P. Tourer, taxed end. December, new paint, hood, upholstery, carpets, magnificent engine, new tyres. Absolute bargain. Apply to Box No. 2770, "Bombay Chronicle"

Sal—Gloria-Triumph, 1934 Saloon Car. One owner. Excellent condition, economical. Fine looking. Apply Box 2799, "Bombay Chronicle"

1936 Morris Saloon, Series 11, 18 h.p., for sale, Calcutta, 7000 miles, new Rs. 5,800 for Rs. 3,250, going on leave must sell. Apply Box No. 2788, "Bombay Chronicle"

For Sale—1935 Model Baby Ford—Engine and appearance like new mechanically guaranteed, absolutely sound. Even plugs not touched. Original tyres like new. Very sparingly used by owner. Engineer driver, 35 miles per gallon. Lots of spare fittings and tools. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply to Box No. 2683, "Bombay Chronicle"

KNITTING SUPPLIES

Over 500 thrilling colours, combinations, Fashion columnists. Economical knitters raving over our famous novelty yarns. Imported for discriminating knitters. Begin knitting your winter garments now. Cashmeres, Tweeds, Zephyrs, etc. Rs. -/- an ounce and up. Apply to Box No. 2800, Bombay Chronicle"

MUSIC & ART.

Knake Baby Grand Piano in excellent condition Apply Box No 2722, "Bombay Chronicle."

HOUSE DECORATIONS

For Sale—A large tiger skin winter coat, mounted snarling, same cub 7 feet, recently shot. Apply Box No. 2856, "Bombay Chronicle"

HUSBANDS

Art embroidery—Beaded, spangled, Petitpoint bags, dresses repaired. Bags framed, lined. Rhinestoning embroideries, etc. Work undertaken, by expert lady returned from abroad. Apply to Box No. 2676, "Bombay Chronicle"

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Owner not wishing to retain really beautiful platinum mounted seven diamond cluster ring with diamond shoulders. Apply to Box No. 2730, "Bombay Chronicle."

MENDING AND WEAVING

Invisible reweaving moth holes, tears, burns in garments. Shine removed. Expert workmanship undertaken by widow. Pay according to work. Please write to Box No. 2711, "Bombay Chronicle"

CAMERA EQUIPMENT

Wanted—To buy Pathe Baby and 16 m.m. Projectors of Bolex preferred also films. Apply Box No. 2749 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Offers for 16 M.M. Movie projector and Movex 3.5 Cine Camera, as new Highest offer secures. Apply Box No. 2785 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—A 3 1/2" x 2 1/2" Revolving back reflex with f2.7 or f3.5 lens and preferably with a telephoto lens. Must be in very good or almost new condition. Reply stating condition of the outfit and price wanted to Box No. 2793 "Bombay Chronicle"

HORSES & PONIES

For Sale—Query Palm Chest, Aust. Mare 15.1 hands winner in Australia. Comfortable Hack, good looker, broken to stick and ball, believed sound. Owner shortly going Home on leave. Apply to Box No. 2752 "Bombay Chronicle"

Chestnut Waler Mare Rose Marie handsome plays Polo fast jumps well, handy. Saddlery complete. Bay Stud Bred. Gelding Echo perfect hack, handsome fast handy saddlery. Both animals no blemishes certificated sound. Bargain to good homes only as owner going on leave. Apply to Box No. 2785 "Bombay Chronicle"

RADIOS

For Sale—Two "His Master's Voice" Radiograms (1935-36) with Short-wave Adapters, offered at Rs. 250/- and Rs. 425/- Write to Box No. 2755 "Bombay Chronicle"

Scott or McMurdo Silver 1937. All wave Radio set made specially for India after receipt of your order and shipped direct from America to you. Supplied under guaranteed service. Apply to Box No. 2787 "Bombay Chronicle"

Phillips All-wave Radio 335A For A.C. current. Tested by Phillips 23/3/37. Selling Rs. 180/- Apply Box No. 2744 "Bombay Chronicle"

SPORTING GUNS

Wanted—Winchester Repeating Rifle .22 in good condition. Also Telescopic Sights for same. Apply to Box No. 2746 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—A .405 Winchester Repeating Rifle, takedown model, little used and deadly accurate, in perfect condition. Apply to Box No. 2802 "Bombay Chronicle"

STAMPS, ETC.

Wanted for Cash. Complete Set Jubilees, Jipex sheets, N2 Exhibition, Mint Empire commemoratives. Especially Sierra Leone 1933, Falkland Isles 1933. Either singles or sets. Write stating price to Box No. 2758 "Bombay Chronicle"

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD-WRITING
ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Advertising Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results

There is NO CHARGE for service. Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037 or you are invited to come to Chronicle office, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Rate one anna per word.

For discount See Information.

TYPEWRITERS

American Factory Rebuilt Typewriters in all sizes at bargain prices. Write to Box No. 2691 "Bombay Chronicle"

American Factory Rebuilt Remington and Underwood Typewriter, 160—These machines equal New in appearance and action. Write to Box No. 2737 "Bombay Chronicle"

WEARING APPAREL

Lovely Silk, Creamy White, 9 yds. x 27". Complete for 3 shirts or 6 blouses. Post Free. Apply to Box No. 2759 "Bombay Chronicle"

4 New Chicken Camisoles new Peach Pink Silk Bed coat, trimmed Ecu lace, Soft Salmon Pink Silk Dress, Cape and pleated frills—tall figure, Crepe-de-chine Swager Coat with cape—small figure, Pink Broche new slimming Corsets, Pale Pink Satin Slip Silk Union dress, Wedge-wood blue and white spot, trimmed-killed frills with sleeve evening-tall figure, Brown and fawn silk dress with sleeves. Apply Box No. 2763 "Bombay Chronicle"

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch	Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0	
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0	
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0	
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0	

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

The cash transactions of the Motor Vehicles & Taxation Departments will be CLOSED at 12-30 p.m. on MONDAY, the 12th April, 1937.
(Sd.) W. L. K. HERAPATH
By Commissioner of Police
M. V. & Taxation.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 10th April, 1937. 5247.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE
ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 40TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire of India Life Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 3rd May, 1937, at 1 o'clock (S.T.)
The TRANSFER BOOKS are CLOSED from 9th April to 5th May, 1937, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors,
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.
Bombay, 9th April, 1937. 5242.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be type-written or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Public Notices.

CORONATION ILLUMINATIONS

CHEAP ELECTRICITY

As some of our consumers wish to install special illuminations on the occasion of Their Majesties' Coronation, BEST has much pleasure in announcing that all Electrical Energy consumed through meters specially installed for such temporary illuminations, but not involving the laying of special main, will be charged for at a flat rate of Two Annas per unit.

The usual connection fee will be charged for these special meters, namely Rs. 15 per meter.

This concession will extend to all electricity consumed by such temporary illuminations between May 10th and May 15th (inclusive), 1937.

A. S. TROLLIP,
General Manager. 5717.

April 8th, 1937.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.



From 12th April, 1937
Office of
AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.
will be situated at
MUBARAK MANZIL,
Apollo Street, Fort,
P. Box No. 959, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 27547. Cable AIRTAXIES
AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AIR PLANES OF ALL TYPES ARE
AVAILABLE FOR HIRE FOR
ANY DISTANCE AT
MODERATE RATES. 5239

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 455 OF 1936.

Re: DWARKADAS JIVANDAS, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kandivli in the Bombay Suburban District and claiming to be the sole proprietor of the business done in the name of "Khimji Khatao & Co.", as Cotton Brokers and Merchants, at Shaik Memon Street, without the Fort of Bombay: ... An Adjudged Insolvent.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the order of adjudication made herein on the 10th day of July, 1936, against the above-named Insolvent has been this day annulled.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1937.
S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar. 6244

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DAVID A. GAIR of Bombay Jeweller Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.
THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Improvement Leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Sussex Road, Connaught Road Estate, Plot No. 15 in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 827 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 23637, Cadastral Survey No. 693, Mazgaon Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 7446 (2) and Street No. 25 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Matilda Building, on or towards the West by the property of Sorabji Rattonji Contractor, on or towards the North by Service passage and on or towards the South by Sussex Road. Dated this 10th day of April, 1937.

THAKORDAS DARU
HEMANY & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. 6246.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

RATE CIRCULARS

A new RATE CIRCULAR viz., SPECIAL RATE CIRCULAR No. 4 of 1937, has been issued. Particulars may be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay, or Stations. 5243.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for one Motor Roller and two Motor Trucks of 1½ to 2 Tons capacity with or without exchange so as to reach the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, on or before 4-0 P.M. on SATURDAY, the 24th April, 1937.

Copy of the Specification can be had from the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

(Sd.) J. S. MALIK,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Dated 7th April, 1937. 5241.

TENDERS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW BUILDING AT PREMISES NOS. 180-188, KAMBEKER STREET, FOR THE HAJI CURRIM MAHOMED SULEMAN CHARITABLE TRUST.

I. TENDERS FOR MATERIALS:—Rates are invited by the undersigned with a deposit of Rs. 500 (five hundred) in cash (not bearing any interest), in Sealed Covers on or before the 20th day of April, 1937, within 2 p.m. (S.T.), from the dealers in cement, sand, stone aggregate of No. 1, No. 2 and No. 3 sizes, wood of various qualities for doors and window frames and shutters, iron bars of various thicknesses, Hubbocks Oil Paint and Blundell's Linseed Oil, for the above building.

II. TENDERS FOR LABOUR:—Tenders from Labour Contractors are invited in Sealed Covers on or before the 20th day of April, 1937, within 2 p.m. (S.T.), for general work for excavations, rubble masonry, brick work, reinforced concrete work including bending and erecting in position of iron bars, providing and constructing centerings for beams, slabs, columns, etc., carpentry work for doors, windows, railings, roof, etc., in the above building. For further particulars, the merchants, traders and labour contractors are requested to see the undersigned during the office hours.

CHINYOY, BUCHIA & DIVECHA,
Chartered Architects,
Engineers, etc.,
41-A, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
7-4-37. 5205

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 161 of 1931.

Re: MAHOMED HUSSEIN LUDHA THARIA, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, carrying on business at Nishanpada Road without the Fort of Bombay: ... An Adjudged Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 14th May, 1937, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.
Dated this 10th day of April 1937.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar. 6246.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 700 BALES COTTON (SURAT: G.P. No. 1: MOGHAI: BERAR: KHANDWA, BURHANPUR, HINGANGHAT, ETC.)

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 15th April 1937 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned Cotton slightly damaged by fire and/or water and salvaged from the fire that occurred in the godown of Messrs. Volkart Bros. on the 7th April 1937. The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.
MENESSE & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR-CAR SPARE PARTS.

Pursuant to the Consent Decree passed in Suit No. 1306 of 1934, (Joachim P. Gomes vs. C. A. B. G. Iyer), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 14th April, 1937, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

Motor-car spare parts such as gaskets, exhausts, cut-outs, battery cables, dish caps, gears, screws, bearings, brakes, hub-caps, rings, axles, rivets, bolts, speedometers, pistons, pins, valves, springs, axleshafts, universal joints, wheels, etc., etc., in one lot.
Cash will be required at the time of sale.
BENNETT & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE SALE ROOMS OF THE AUCTIONEERS.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE VALUABLE PROPERTY AS A HEALTH RESORT NEAR BOMBAY.

Sale of property known as "HORMUZ LODGE," at Dhondy Road, DEOLALI. Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel & Co., Attorneys for the Owners sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 21st April, 1937, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Sale Rooms at 123, Meadows Street, Fort, the undermentioned immovable property.

All that piece of Inami land, admeasuring about 3093 Sq. Yds. together with the bungalow thereon called "Hormuz Lodge" situate at Singave Bahula, Dhondy Road in Deolali and registered along with other land formerly under Book No. 294 and now under R.S. No. 169 and assessed by the Cantonment Committee of Deolali under No. 23.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel & Co., Attorneys for the Owners, 60, Forbes Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

To-day—"GOODI PADAYA"

... Celebrate it ...
Special Show at 2-45
Republic Pictures' thrilling serial of 25 parts—in 2 instalments.

UNDERSEA KINGDOM

2nd instalment: 12 parts
Starring world's strongest man
"Ray Crash" Corrigan
Luise Wilde, Monte Blue, Jack Mulhall

Don't fail to see this great sensation serial.

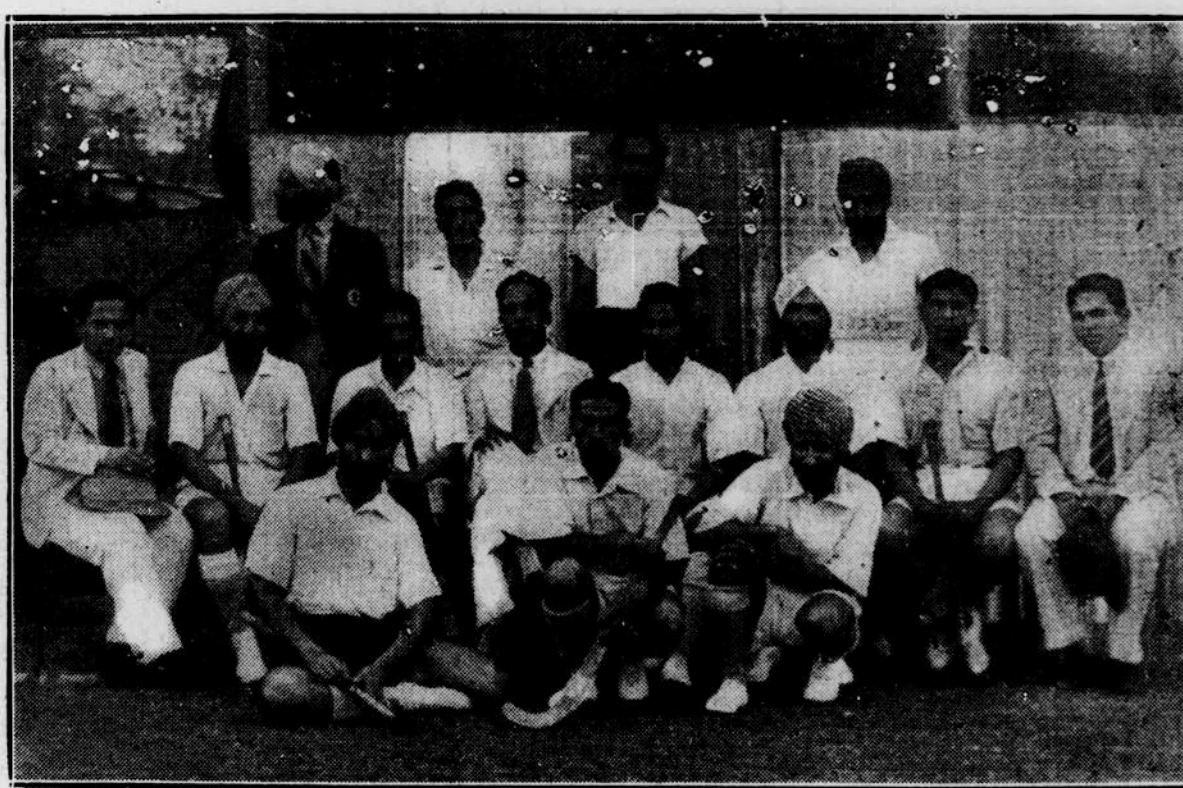
THE GLOBE

Talkies—Sandhurst Road
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45
Sat, Sun & Holidays at 2-45

ADVERTISEMENT RATE

Space to be taken	Per inch
within one year	Per insertion.
1" to 149"	Rs. 3-0-0
150" to 249"	Rs. 2-8-0
250" to 499"	Rs. 2-4-0
500" to 749"	Rs. 2-0-0
750" to 999"	Rs. 1-12-0
1000" & over	Rs. 1-8-0

EXTRA CHARGES FOR SPECIAL POSITION—
Facing Leader Page 50 per cent. over the Scheduled Rates.



Group of Lahore Y.M.C.A. team who defeated the B. E. S. T. in Friday's fixture of the Aga Khan Hockey tournament.

HINDU DEEN

DAYA SANGH

Progress Of Foundling Home

The Sangh has now been in existence for over twelve years and during the period it can fairly claim to have done substantial work towards relieving immediate distress amongst the poorer classes of the Hindu community, limited though to the extent of its resources. During the year under report it has undertaken a work of far-reaching importance to humanity in general and to the Hindu community in particular.

THE FOUNDLING HOME.
The question of starting a Foundling Home has been before the Sangh since 1930, when an Appeal for funds for the purpose was issued.

The Home was started on the May 1936 and the inaugural ceremony was performed by Sjt. Jambadas Mehta, the popular Mayor of the City. Mr. Mehta before declaring the Home open, emphasized the urgent need of such a Home in the City which was long overdue. He also thanked Mr. and Mrs. Dhadphale for their offer of a rent-free house which has enabled the Sangh to make a start, and expressed a hope that the Home would develop into an institution large enough to accommodate every orphan of the Hindu community.

The Home was shifted to the present premises, placed at the disposal of the Sangh by the Municipality at half the actual rent. At present, there is whole-time Matron in charge assisted by seven ayahs. The number of the inmates of the orphanage rose from 3 on 3-5-36 to 15 on 31-12-36. At present provision exists for accommodation of 25 infants in the Home. The accommodation will be extended as need arises and funds become available.

MUDIE'S INQUIRY REFERENCE TERMS

Question Of Short Time In Kharagpur Workshops

NEW DELHI, April 10.
The question of short time in Kharagpur workshops has been added to the Terms of Reference of Mr. R. F. Mudie's enquiry recently announced into certain allegations made by the President of the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union and into the justification of the Agent's action in withdrawing recognition from the Union.

A press communique issued today says that at the request of the Agent, the Railway Board have decided to refer the question to Mr. Mudie, to whose terms of reference the following will be added:

"Further to investigate the possibility and consequences of reducing short time in Kharagpur workshop."—A.P.

Seva Samiti Boy Scouts Association

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail)
Mr. J. S. Varna, Headquarters Commissioner and Secretary, National and Executive Councils of the S. S. Boy Scouts Association, writes:

The meetings of the National Council of the Association will this year be held on the 18th and 19th April at the National Headquarters, Allahabad, with Mr. H. N. Kunzru in the chair. The proceedings of the Council commences at 2 p.m. on the 18th April, but the Executive Council will also meet the same morning at 8 a.m. Members of the National Council, which is composed of the presidents of the provincial councils, commissioners of all ranks, representatives of the All-India

Aga Khan Hockey

Runners-Up Make Their Exit
Bangalore Beat Kirkee United 4-2

The Kirkee United, last year's Runners-up and a fancied team, made their exit from the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Sunday evening when they went down to the Bangalore Indians by 4 goals to 2. This provided yet another surprise but, nevertheless, the winners fully deserved their victory having played a superior game throughout. The Kirkee United fell short of expectations, for they are certainly capable of giving a better display.

The game was played at a brisk pace throughout and the nippy movements by the Bangalore forwards was its chief feature. Mutharaj, the Bangalore Left-wing, who had a weak half-back to cope with, attracted notice, time and again, for his solo runs down the touch-line and often aroused applause for successfully outwitting the Kirkee defenders, among whom, Phillips, the All-India player, looked a shadow of his past self.

BANGALORE OPEN STRONGLY.
The Bangalore team opened strongly and after a few minutes from the start, they established the lead, Selvamuthu, the inside-left, getting past the full-backs, placed the ball in the net with a good flick beyond the goal-keeper's reach. This did not discourage the favourites, their right-wing, Dhadge, ran down the field and centred for Nimal but the opposing goal-keeper saved it from the latter. Up and down play followed but once again the Bangalore team asserted and increased the lead through Blankley, their inside-right, who made good use of a timely pass by his wing. At half-time, the Kirkee United were in arrears by one goal, Phillips, their right back converting a short-corner with a neat ground shot a little before the whistle for interval.

It was a ding-dong affair in the beginning of the second half though the Kirkee forwards had one or two good attempts and at one stage, Fonseca, their centre-forward, had worked his way in a scoring position before he was fouled by the opposing left-back and it was a pity that the referee took no notice of it.

The Kirkee supporters became optimistic of their teams' recovery when following a well combined movement, Fonseca scored the second goal thus bringing his side on level terms, but the Bangalore people soon challenged their superiority again when Blankley put his side ahead, beating the Kirkee custodian with a weak shot.

MUTHARAJ'S BRILLIANCE.
Mutharaj, the winner's outside-left now came into prominence and received rounds of cheers for his display of uncanny stick-work and speed and often reminded one of ill-fated Jaffar at his best. He soon capped his efforts by scoring a magnificent goal which put the issue beyond doubt.

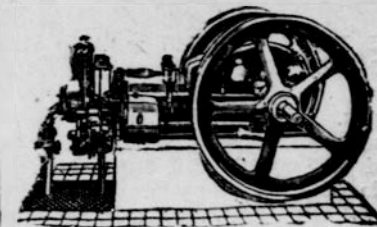
THE RESULT
BANGALORE INDIANS 4 goals
KIRKEE UNITED 2 goals

THE TRAMS:
BANGALORE INDIANS: Howel; Seva Samiti and Provincial and District councils and donors of Rs. 1,000 or more, as also members of the Executive Council are cordially invited to attend.

Gold-Medal awarded at the recent Surat Exhibition

"CROSSLEY"

THE WORLD'S HIGHEST GRADE OIL ENGINE



MADE IN SIZES FROM 2-2000 B. H. P.

FOR ALL PURPOSES.

SOLE AGENTS:

Eruch D. Engineer & Co.,
95, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

COMING SHORTLY

Behind Charni Road Station.

PROF. CIRCUS

DEVAL'S CIRCUS

and Royal Menagerie

Miss Not To See



CAPT. FRANZ WYBIERALA'S
HUMAN CANNON BALL
GRAND OPENING 17TH INST.
AT 9-30 P.M.
GRAND GALA MATINEE ON
18th instant at 5-30 p.m.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

The Great British Comedian

SIDNEY HOWARD

in

"CHICK"

A 70-Minute Tonic for depression.
A film you simply must not miss!

A BRITISH AND DOMINION
LAUGHTER RIOT!

NEXT TUESDAY

THE LIFE OF A GREAT
HISTORICAL FIGURE!

"DAVID LIVINGSTONE"

with

the famous British Actor

PERCY MARMONT

Plans open. Phone 20206.

LADIES OF BOMBAY!

COME ONE—COME ALL

Specially for you!

"ZENANA SHOW"!

AT 1-30 P.M. ON MONDAY, 12th APRIL

TO SEE

SABITA DEVI

IN

"Kulvadh"

with MOTILAL

SAGAR MOVIE-TONE'S CLASSIC

6th WEEK NOW AT 6th WEEK

IMPERIAL TALKIES

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30

Sat, Sun. and Holidays Matinee at 3 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

CSH 21.47 Mc/s. (13.97 m.),
GSG 17.79 Mc/s. (16.86 m.),
GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.).
7-30 p.m. Big Ben, Frank Rea
and his Orchestra. 7-45 p.m. Talk:
'A Hundred Years Ago.' 2. 8-0 p.m.
A Studio Concert. 8-30 p.m. The
Twilight Serenaders. 8-50 p.m. Ar-
thur Salisbury and his Orchestra.
9-0 p.m. A Pianoforte Recital.
9-30 p.m. 'John Londoner' at
Home. 14. 10-0 p.m. The News and
Announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance
Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.
8-0 a.m. Instrumental Duets.
(Harmonium, Bul-bul Tarang).
VUB Artists. 8-15 a.m. Light Mu-
sic. A. P. Wagie. 'Barakava illyc
thado kankara.' 8-25 a.m. Bhav-
get. Azambal. 'Ved aadhi sang
konl.' 'Door tulhyaveena mooka.'
(Recorded Odeon). 8-30 a.m. Shree
Bhagwat Geeta Pravarshan. Pandit
Lakshmanrao Oghale. 8-45 a.m.
Marathi Songs. A. P. Wagie. 'Tata
kari dubita vinasha.' Mand. 'Dha-
vaf yeyi sakanya.' 'Pahad. 9-0 a.m.
'Satyawan Savitri.' A Hindustani
Drama. By Nazir Hashmi. 1 p.m.
Market Report and Announce-
ments. A Classical Variety. 5-30
p.m. Marathi Geeta. 5-45 p.m. Hin-
dustani Songs. Abdul Gani. 'Jhute
hi dosha laga more raja.' Thumri.
'Jab nain piya sang atake the.'
Ghazal. 'Najere dage ligar shama
shol baja nahin.' Ghazal. (Assis-
ted by the Orchestra). 6-15 p.m.
Light Classical Music. Rajanikant
V. Desai of Baroda. Khayal Titala
and Thumri (with the Orches-
tra). 6-45 p.m. Talk (Gujarati):
'Place of Sonnets in Gujarati Li-
terature.' No. 2. By Rasik T. Vin.
7-0 p.m. To the Bhumiyan. A pro-
gramme arranged for the villager.
8-0 p.m. Light Music. Rajanikant
V. Desai of Baroda. (With the
Orchestra). 8-30 p.m. Commercial
News and the News in Hindi. 9-0
p.m. Talk (English). 'The Songs
of the Countryside.' No. 7. Nepa-
lese People and their Songs. By
Devendra Satyarthi. 9-15 p.m. The
News. 9-30 p.m. Light Orchestral
Music. 9-45 p.m. Talk (English):
'Physical Education and Youth of
India' by Prince Ali Khan. 10-0
p.m. Dance Music from the Studio.
Ken Mac and his dance band.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. and
49.10 metres, 6109 kc/s.
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for
Calcutta time).
12-36 p.m. Time Signal. 'The
Table Under the Tree.' By Wilfred
Rooke Lcy. Produced by Bryan
McHie. Music by Walford Hyden
and his Orchestra. (A BBC Record-
ed programme). 1-16 p.m. Talk
(English): 'In other Lands.' No. 2.
Secondary Education. By Dr. W. A.
Fenkins. Calcutta Weather Bulle-

tin for Ocean and Rivercraft.
1-36 p.m. A Broadcast for School
Students. Talk: 'The Early History
of Bengal.' No. 3. By Nripen Chat-
terjee. 'What are the Seven Won-
ders of the Modern World?' (A
group discussion among students).
2-6 p.m. 'Golakhdam.' Sujit Nath.
2-58 p.m. Rabindra Sangit. Bani
Kanta Guha and Protiva Guha.
5-6 p.m. A Broadcast for Rural
Areas. 5-36 p.m. Humorous Song.
(Duet). Ushabaty and Rangit Roy.
5-46 p.m. Esraj Solo (Kafi) Dak-
shina Mohan Thakur. 6-1 p.m.
Gambhir Tarapada Lahiri. 6-16
p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Satesh
Dutt Gupta. 6-31 p.m. Harmo-
nium Solo. Satyen Chakrabarty.
6-46 p.m. Light Bengali Songs.
Fullanallini. 7-6 p.m. Instrumental
Duet. Flute and Clarinet. Bimal
Dutt and Priyalal Choudhuri (Jan-
tri Sangha). 7-16 p.m. Modern
Bengali Song Kankabaty. 7-36 p.m.
Talk (Bengali): 'You and Your
Radio.' No. 1. The History of Ra-
dio. By Professor of the Univer-
sity College of Science. 7-51 p.m.
Sitar Solo (Bhupali). Bipin Chan-
dra Das. 8-6 p.m. The News and
Weather Report. (In Bengali). 8-
21 p.m. Dhrupad (Malkosh) and
Dhamar (Behag). Lalit Mohan
Mukherjee. 8-41 p.m. Dada and
Gazal (Hindustani). Angurbala.
9-1 p.m. Commercial News and
Weather Report (In English). 9-6
p.m. The News and Announce-
ments. 9-21 p.m. A Studio Concert.
H. E. Gardner, Tenor. Ted Fran-
gopoulo and his Blue Harmony
Boys. 10-6 p.m. Dance Music. By
Ted Frangopoulo and his Blue
Harmony Boys.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.
7-0 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Shiv
Nat Bhairon. 7-10 a.m. Madan Lal.
7-40 a.m. Dance tune. On Banjo
and Sitar. 7-50 a.m. Husn Ara
Begum. 8-20 a.m. Bibhas on Vi-
olin. 8-25 a.m. Sh. Abdul Majid.
12 noon 'Ham Bhi Hain.' (A Pro-
gramme for Women) AIR Orches-
tra. 12-5 p.m. The News (In Hin-
dustani). 12-15 p.m. Songs by
Kamla Gupta. 12-25 p.m. Talk
(Hindustani): 'Old Customs and
Traditions.' By Begum Mohammad
Mujeeb. 12-35 p.m. Farce: 'The
Mother-in-Law.' Performed by AIR
Artists. 12-50 p.m. Sitar Solo. 12-
55 p.m. 1st News Bulletin. (Hin-
dustani). 1-0 p.m. 1st News Bulle-
tin (English). 1-5 p.m. 'Tit-Bit-
Hits.' 6 p.m. AIR Orchestra. Mand.
6-10 p.m. Madan Lal. 6-30 p.m. An
Instrumental and Vocal Program-
me. By the students of the Indrap-
rastha Girls' High School. 7-0 p.m.
'For Villagers Only.' (7-30 p.m.
Time Signal and Delhi Market
Rates). 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani):
'Current Events.' By Ghulam
Mehar. 8-15 p.m. Sh. Abdul
Majid. 8-45 p.m. Durga on Sitar.
8-50 p.m. Husn Ara Begum, Ak-
barabad. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and
Weather Report (Hindustani).

RID MATUNGA OF MOSQUITOES

Public Meeting Appeals To Corporation

A public meeting of the citizens
of Bombay North was held under
the auspices of the medical asso-
ciation Bombay North in the Pa-
thare Kshatraya Hall Dadar on
last Saturday at 8-30 p.m. Mr. K.
F. Nariman Presided.

In addressing the meeting Mr.
K. F. Nariman said that he was
surprised to hear that in spite of
rapid development of the locality
the mosquito should be on the in-
crease during the last two or three
years. He thought this was a new
problem confronting the Bombay
Municipality and it was up to
them to eradicate this pest with-
out any loss of time. He hoped
that shortly Bombay North would
be free from mosquitoes and that
he himself would do his best in
the Corporation.

A resolution drawing attention
to this peril and requesting the
Municipality to take immediate
steps was passed. Several promi-
nent Doctors of Bombay North
spoke.

Dr. K. Y. Sanzgiri, Assistant
Health Officer, Malaria Section,
was present at the meeting.

Details of the non-intervention
control scheme have been com-
pleted.

All administrators have arrived
at their posts and observers have
been ordered to proceed to their
stations.—Reuter.

9-30 p.m. Time Signal. 2nd News
and Weather Report (English).
9-45 p.m. Talk (English): 'The
Way it is Done.' No. 2. Wrong
Number. R. S. Fursell, C.I.E., O.
B.E. 10-0 p.m. Husn Ara Begum
Akbarabad. 10-25 p.m. AIR Or-
chestra. Khambavati. 10-35 p.m.
Madan Lal.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.
6-0 p.m. Gat Bhopali. Khyber
Radio Orchestra. 6-10 p.m. Nand
Kumar. Bhajan. Ghazal. 6-25 p.m.
Khuda Baksh. Naat and Ghazal.
6-40 p.m. Sarangi. 6-45 p.m. Nand
Kumar. Punjabi Folk Song. Ghazal.
7-0 p.m. 'Ragha Daga.' (A Pro-
gramme arranged for Villagers).
8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): 'I
knew a man.' By Pir Baksh
Khan. 8-15 p.m. Nautch Gat on
Saranda, Sitar and Tabla. 8-20
p.m. Khuda Baksh. Persian Song.
Ghazal. 8-25 p.m. Nand Kumar.
Multani Kafi. 8-45 p.m. Sitar Solo.
8-50 p.m. Khuda Baksh. Thumri
Bihag. 9-0 p.m. Nand Kumar. Film
Song. Ghazal. 9-15 p.m. The News
and Weather Report (In Hindus-
tani). 9-30 p.m. Time Signal. The
News and Weather Report. (In
English). 9-45 p.m. Indian Music.
(Recorded).

MEHERALLY DISCHARGED

Magistrate Refuses To Accept Prosecution Evidence

Mr. Meherally, who was charged
with obstruction of public servant
in the discharge of his duties be-
fore the Chief Presidency Magis-
trate on Saturday afternoon, was
ordered to be discharged as the
Magistrate did not accept the pro-
secution evidence.

The prosecution was a sequel to
a tea party given to Mr. Jamnadas
Mehta in the Municipal Hall by
some of the Corporators.

PROSECUTION STATEMENT

Mr. C. B. Velker for the prosecu-
tion stated that on April 2 there
was a demonstration by about 300
persons who had collected out-
side the Municipal Corporation
building when a tea party was
given in honour of Mr. Jamnadas
Mehta, the retiring Mayor.

Some persons were shouting
'Jamnadas was a thief' and two
persons posted themselves by the
gate of the building. These per-
sons were requested to 'move on'
by Deputy Inspector Gardner and
as they did not comply with the
request they were placed under
arrest.

Subsequently another person,
Bhagwandas Kapadia, was also
arrested by the same officer. Mr.
Meherally came forward and ask-
ed the officer, under what section
of the law was the arrest effect-
ed and demanded the name of the
officer as he wanted to report him
to the Police Commissioner.

Mr. Meherally interposed him-
self between the Police Officer and
Bhagwandas and thus obstructed
the officer in the discharge of his
duties.

Deputy Inspector Gardner for
the prosecution, when examined,
corroborated the facts as stated
by the police prosecutor.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga
for the defence, witness said that
Mr. Meherally appeared to be
irritated and threatened to report
him to the Commissioner of Pol-
ice. He knew his business and
did not give Mr. Meherally his
name.

A police constable in his evi-
dence said that Mr. Meherally
made an attempt to rescue the
arrested person by interposing
himself between the officer and
Bhagwandas.

MEHERALLY'S DEFENCE

Mr. Meherally in his defence
statement pleaded not guilty to
the charge and stated that he
came on the scene after the re-
ceipt of news of the arrest of two
persons. He saw Mr. Bhagwan-
das Kapadia being placed under
arrest by a police officer and so
he went up to the officer and in-
quired of him under what charge
was the arrest effected.

The officer refused to give him
any hearing and he therefore ask-
ed for his name. This was also
refused and the officer asked Mr.
Meherally to go away or else he
would place him also under ar-
rest. Mr. Meherally said he then
insisted on the officer giving him
his name. The officer refused and
Mr. Meherally said he would fol-
low him to the police station to
obtain his name, whereupon he
was arrested.

"ABSURD"

Referring to the statement of
the police constable, Mr. Meherally
said the suggestion that he
wanted to rescue Bhagwandas was
absurd, as no educated person
would do such a thing. He de-
clared that he had in any way ob-
structed the officer in the dis-
charge of his proper duties.

C. P. M.S. ORDER.
The Chief Presidency Magis-
trate, Sir Hornuzdar. In the
course of his order stated the
facts of the case as disclosed by
the evidence and observed that it
was no doubt difficult to control a
crowd when a demonstration of
this nature occurred and the po-
lice were there to do their duty.
The Magistrate disbelieved the
police constable's evidence that an
attempt had been made to rescue
the arrested person.

It was just possible that Mr.
Meherally stood between the po-
lice officer and the arrested per-
son, but that did not amount to
an attempt to rescue the prisoner.

It was no offence, the Magis-
trate further observed, to ask a
police officer under what charge a
particular person is being arrested
nor is it an offence to ask the
name of the officer effecting the
arrest.

No offence had been disclosed by
the evidence and Mr. Meherally
was ordered to be discharged.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga with Mr. D.
S. Babrekar and Mr. Shroff ap-
peared for the defence.

ROUND-THE-WORLD ON PUSH-BYKE

Two Europeans Out To Study Life In All Countries

BOMBAY, Saturday.
Starting from Copenhagen, on
October 1936, two globe-trotters,
Frey Jensen and Frank Wallin,
both aged 25, landed on the
Indian shore at Cutch Mandvi on
Monday last. They arrived in
Bombay on Thursday.
"We cycled nearly 4,500 miles
and except for the barking of
dogs in Turkey and the exciting
sailor life for twenty-three days
from Basra to Cutch Mandvi
there is very little to mention".
They told a "Chronicle" reporter
this morning.

It was for the first time that
they worked as sailors.

"The Indian sailors were enthu-
siasm and charming", they added,
and it was a pleasure to work
with the captain of the 'Dhow'
who was very sympathetic."

Starting from Copenhagen they
went to Germany, Czechoslovakia,
pedalled to Vienna and on to
Budapest. From Budapest their
sojourn was dull and uninterest-
ing until they came to Turkey,
passing through Hungary, Yugo-
slavia, Bulgaria and Istanbul.

Their main aim in starting a
world-tour, they told our reporter,
was to observe human life and
conditions in several parts of the
world. They propose to spend
four years in globe-trotting and
one complete year they have as-
signed in their programme to
study India.

From Bombay they propose to go
to Madras from where they would
make a detour to Kashmir and to
Calcutta.

"We do not know whether our
cycles would be able to sustain
the whole of the journey and we
do not think that the roads would
be as dangerous as those in Yugo-
slavia", they concluded.

LITERACY CLASS FOR HARIJANS

A literacy class for the Harijans
residents of Cochin Street, Fort,
Bombay, was opened by Mr. K. F.
Nariman, President of the Bombay
Provincial Congress Committee
last week.

The class, which has been or-
ganised by the Social Workers'
Society, Mr. Nariman said, was
part of the literacy campaign in-
itiated by him last year when he
was Mayor of Bombay. He ex-
horted the residents of the loca-
lity to avail themselves of the ser-

FLAGRANT BREACH OF PARTY DISCIPLINE

Muslim League Parliamentary Board On Hoosainali Rahimtoola's Action In Joining Ministry

A meeting of the Bombay Presi-
dency Muslim League Parliamen-
tary Board was held on Sunday
morning at the Islam Club, Chow-
patty, with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Pre-
sident, in the chair. 22 members
were present.

After prolonged discussions
which lasted for nearly three
hours the Board adopted the fol-
lowing resolutions:

"The Board deplores and dis-
approves of the conduct and action
of Mr. Hoosainali M. Rahimtoola
in co-operating with other groups
and accepting ministerialship in the
Coalition ministry in breach of the
rules of constitution and his solemn
pledge signed by him as a mem-
ber of the party and even without
any reference to the executive or
the Board. Clause E of the Pledge
runs as follows: 'I further under-
take that I will follow the princi-
ples and policy laid down by the
Muslim League Central and Pro-
vincial Boards and abide by their
rules and the manifesto and will
conform to the rules and direc-
tions issued by the Parliamentary
Board from time to time as well
as the instructions issued by the
Party organisation in the Assem-
bly Council' for the guidance of
members."

"The Board is of opinion that
Mr. Hoosainali Rahimtoola has
sent his resignation being fully
conscious of his improper conduct
and action which he has taken in
flagrant breach of the Party
rules and in anticipation to es-
cape disciplinary action and cen-
sure."

"The Board therefore has no al-
ternative but to have his name
removed from the membership of
the Board and the Party."

GOVERNOR'S ACTION
DEPLORED.

(2) "The Board regrets that
His Excellency the Governor
does not seem to have duly ap-

preciated the position of the Muslim
League Party and its policy and
programme by his action in ap-
pointing one of the members of
the Party after the leader of the
League Party had explained and
expressed his inability to accept
the formation of the ministry.
Further, the Board is of opinion
that in view of the developments
that have taken place and may
take place and unless the position
of the Muslim League Party is fu-
lly appreciated and recognised it
should reconsider its attitude to-
wards the ministry and the House
generally."

(3) "In the event of any vacan-
cy occurring in the Kolaba con-
stituency the Board authorises Mr.
M. A. Jinnah to decide whether
the seat should be contested and if
he decides that it should be, he
should invite applications as he
may think proper to contest the
seat according to the rules and the
constitution of the League."

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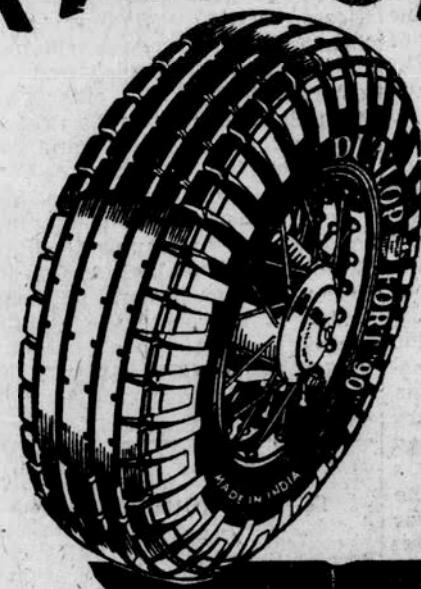
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3RD WEEK

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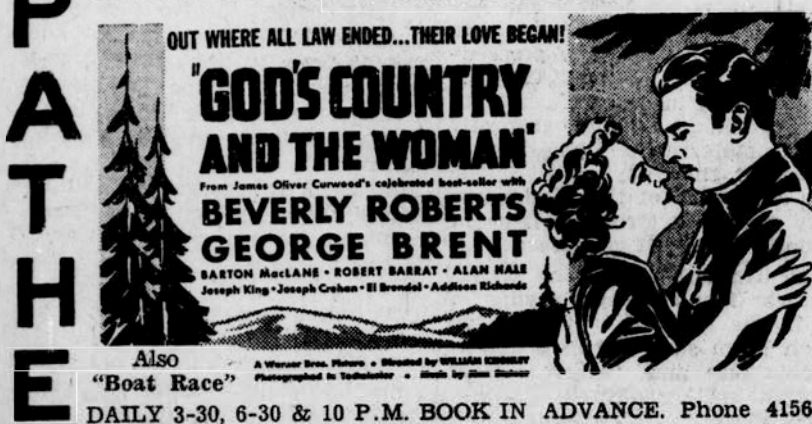
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City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 1, 1936.
Muslim: Moharrum 29, 1306.
Parsi: Avan 9, 1306.
Hightide: 0-06, 12-50.
Lowtide: 6-14, 18-44.
Sunrise: 6h. 55m.
Sunset: 6h. 55m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Tuesday, April 13.

Released Prisoners' Air Society: Annual General meeting Corporation Hall 4-15 p.m.

Wednesday, April 14.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore, Penang and Japan per s.s. 'Bujo Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 and 2-30 p.m. respectively on Monday the 12th instant.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MARKET COMMITTEE

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. J. T. Day, Deputy Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway, to be a member of the Provincial Fruit and Vegetable Market Committee constituted in last October.

D. T. M. FREE DISPENSARY

The total number of patients treated in the Demodhar Thackersey Mooljee Charitable Dispensaries, two, at Ripon Road, and one, at Kalachowki Road, during the month of March 1937 was 1,313 out of whom 1,304 were males and 179 were females including children.

RAMAJAYANTI.

The Ramajayanti will be celebrated from to-day (Monday), to 19th instant, both days inclusive, at Parekh House, New Queen's Road. Daily programme, 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. Bhajan, on 19th 10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m.: Rama Janma Katha and Prasad.

MEETING AT NAPPOO HALL.

A public meeting will be held at Nappoo Hall, Matunga (G. I. P. Rly.), to-day (Monday), at 9 p.m. (S. T.). Sjt. K. F. Nariman will preside and Sjt. S. A. Brelvi, Sjt. S. K. Pail, Sjt. Jlnabhai P. Joshi and Dr. M. D. D. Gilder will speak on National Week.

GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-morrow (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. (S. T.), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Ravellin Street, Hornby Road, Fort), when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria will give in Gujarati an exposition of Strophes 1 to 3 of the Gatha Ahunavaiti, Chapter 1, Yasna Ha 28.

CHIKITSASKA SAMUHA.

The opening of the Chikitsaska Samuha's schools in the new premises of the Samuha, Sadashiv Street Cross Lane, Girgaon, and the annual prize distribution will take place to-day (Monday), at 8-15 a.m. (S. T.), when Mr. S. S. Patkar, will preside and Mrs. Shantabai Patkar, will give away the prizes.

ANDHRA ASSOCIATION KALYAN.

There will be a meeting of all members and all Andhras of Kalyan in their Association Hall, at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Monday), to celebrate the "Telugu New Year's Day. A resolution will be moved demanding separate Andhra Province in the meeting.

MEETING AT FERGUSSON ROAD.

Under the auspices of the "G" Ward D. C. C. a public meeting will be held to-day (Monday), (12-4-37), at 8-30 p.m. at Fergusson Road, Pimpal's Maldan, when Messrs. Charles Mascarenhas, G. S. Kanthi, B. T. Rane, A. A. Alwe, R. S. Deshpande and others will speak.

Sjt. I. S. Patel will preside.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"We Who are about to Die" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"His Lordship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Undersea Kingdom" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Kulvadh". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President". Time as usual
MAJESTIC—"Sundari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

Extra show to-day at 2-45 p.m.
PATHE—"God's Country and the Woman". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Awakening". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

REGAL—"One in a Million" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ma". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Forward March". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Lure of Gold". Time as usual.

NATIONAL WEEK MEETING.

Under the auspices of "A" Ward Dist. Congress Committee there will be held a magic lantern slide lecture, on various activities of Village Industries, to-day (Monday), at 8-30 p.m. in the compound of Bai Kabibai High School, Fort.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ.

In connection with the Shree Rama Navami Utsavam conducted by the Asthika Samaj, there will be a Flute Kutchery by Sjt. Kothandapani with suitable accompaniments, in the Samaj Hall, Matunga, to-day (Monday), at 9 p.m.

"F" WARD CONGRESS COUNCIL.

The monthly meeting of the Council of management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will be held on Sunday, the 18th instant, at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Committee's office Poibavdi Parel.

HON. PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES OF BOMBAY.

The annual general meeting of the Society of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay, will be held on Friday, 16th instant, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Khandalwalla's Court Room on the first floor, at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.).

RAMWADI FREE EYE HOSPITAL.

The following is a statement of the attendance of the Ramwadi Free Eye Hospital for the month of March, 1937. The total attendance was 6,368 out of which 3,207 were males, 2,228, were females and 933 were children. 201 operations were performed. The daily average attendance was 255 during 25 working days of the month.

FEATS OF MEMORY.

Under the joint auspices of Y. M. P. A. and U. S. P. U. Prof. T. D. Avadani will give a demonstration of astonishing feats of memory on 14th inst. Wednesday, 1937, at 6-15 p.m. in the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Ravellin Street, Sukhadwala Building, Hornby Road. Prof. Avadani has trained his memory to such an extraordinary extent that he can remember 1,000 sentences only once heard, and can reproduce paragraphs in different languages.

DIGAMBER JAIN MAHASABHA

Sjt. Amolakhand Udaisaria, Joint General Secretary wires from Indore: "The All-India Digamber Jain Mahasabha's 4th annual Adhiveshan will be held at Shrihanediyaya Atishaykhetra on 23rd and 24th April, 1937. All members and all Digamber Jains are requested to attend the Mahasabha."

BOMBAY FIELD-CLUB

The Hon. Secretary, writes: "The Bombay Field-Club which aims at popularising the study of art, history and archaeology and at encouraging in the minds of the people interest in art and love for historical monuments has arranged an excursion to the historical forts of Kolaba and of the Angria (near Alibag) in the Kolaba district."

The Rev. J. B. Primrose, Principal, Wilson College will lead the party which will leave from the Ferry Wharf (Bhanu chha Diakha) at 2 p.m. on Saturday, 17th April, 1937, and is expected to be back by 2 p.m. on Monday, the 19th instant. The expenses will be Rs. 6 only including conveyance and food charges.

Those intending to join the party are requested to give their names to Mr. I. B. Patel, Hon. Secretary, The Bombay Field Club, School of Economics and Sociology, University of Bombay, before the evening of Wednesday, 14th instant, along with their subscription of Rs. 6 only.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A Suburban Man)

A very lively week-end this, especially for Bandra. Two social functions, a dance and one public meeting.

The 'Raj Club', of Rajan, a village in Bandra, for the first time I think in the history of the village, held a whist-drive followed by a dance which proved to be a great success.

Under the spreading cocoanut groves, well decorated with flags and bunting and illuminated with coloured lights the badminton court premises of the above club was turned into a fairyland.

From the early hours young merry makers partook in the whist, which had over a score and a half tables of competitors. After whist dancing commenced to the music of a radiogram, which only wound up in the early hours of the morning....the young merry makers having thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

This club deserves a word of praise for promoting such social activities in places where they are hardly dreamt of.

BANDRA RAILWAY SCOUTS.

The 20th G.I.P. Railway Boy Scouts troop, Bandra, held their 'Parents' Day' on Saturday at the Bandra Town Hall, starting at 5-30 p.m., Dr. R. V. Clayton, Principal, G.I.P. Railway and District Commissioner, G.I.P. Railway Boy Scouts Local Association presided and Mrs. Clayton distributed the prizes. On the arrival of Dr. and Mrs. Clayton, the Scouts troop and their band formed a guard of honour followed by selections by the G.I.P. Railway A.F. (I) Band after which

PRESENT POLITICAL CRISIS AND MUSLIMS

To-day's Lecture At Jinnah Hall

As a part of the National Week Programme, there will be a public meeting, under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. to-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Peoples' Jinnah Hall, when Dr. Abdul Hameed Kazi of East Khandesh will deliver a lecture on "The Present Political Crisis and the Muslims". Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

Economic Basis Of Hand Spinning

"The part-time worker (at a subsidiary occupation such as hand spinning) has a real economic advantage to set against the continuous employment of the mill-owner's machine and the whole-time hand worker's tool, namely the fact that the overhead costs of his annual subsistence and his domestic workshop are being largely met out of the proceeds of his main occupation of agriculture, so that he can profitably take on work at rates which would be unremunerative to those who look to a single occupation for their whole means and subsistence", writes Prof. Robertson and Dr. Bowley in "A Scheme for an Economic Census of India".

ALL-INDIA SPIRITUAL CONGREGATION

The All-India Spiritual Congregation held annually under the auspices of the 'Kalpa Vriksha' is holding its seventh session from 12th to 15th April '37 in Ujjain.

HELP TO SPANISH PEOPLE

Response To Congress President's Appeal

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail). Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, Secretary, Foreign Department of the A. I. C. C. writes:—

In response to President Nehru's appeal for help to the Spanish people now fighting for freedom and progress the following donations have been received. Further donations will be similarly announced:—

As per Press Statement on 29-3-37, Rs. 307-8; Sjt. Kruthivasa Misra, Gadachaitanyapur Sasons, Ganjam Dist., Rs. 1-8; Sjt. A. S. Srinivasan, Karalkudi, Ramnad Dt., Rs. 200; General Secretary, D. C. C. Vizagapatam, Rs. 10; Basheswar Singh, Amritsar, Rs. 21-6; Pancha Gopal Biswas, Damurhata, Nadia, Rs. 7-4; Mrs. Purnima Banerji, George Town, Allahabad, Rs. 5; Sjt. M. Annapurniah, Rajahmundry, (Collections on behalf of Andhra Congress Socialist Party and the Andhra Provincial Youth League), Rs. 50; Sjt. Rajendra Singh, 20 Hindu Hospital, Lahore, Re. 1. Total Rs. 603-10.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1937

GANDHIJI'S OFFER

Lord Zetland's speech on the Indian deadlock and Mahatma Gandhi's reply to it are a study in contrasts. The one is arrogant and irresponsible but the other is a picture of humility, conscious of the grave issues that affect millions. The former is, in Gandhi's words, that of "one who is conscious of his sword rather than his right"; while the latter takes its stand on reason and justice. Lord Zetland, conscious of his weakness from the standpoint of constitutional theory and practice, would cease all further discussion and negotiations unless Congress withdraws its demand, while Gandhi, conscious of the constitutional correctness of the demand is prepared to refer this whole matter to arbitration. The contrast will be complete if Gandhi's conciliatory offer is turned down, as it is likely to be, by the Secretary of State for India.

Faith And Honourable

Gandhi is naturally pained to find that Lord Zetland is still playing upon the old familiar tune of 'divide and rule,' and for other reasons, too, he feels that the latter's speech cannot but "harden universal suspicion of British statesmen's intentions." He voices the feeling of the Congress when he says: "So long as they wish to bolster up imperialistic designs, India, which the Congress represents, will never reconcile itself to them." As regards the specific point at issue Gandhi is naturally more than ever confirmed in his view by the support it has received from eminent lawyers whom "Government themselves have hitherto honoured with their patronage." But as that view is challenged by Government, he would still pursue conciliatory methods to find a way out of the deadlock. He accordingly suggests the appointment of an Arbitration Tribunal of three judges of whom one will be appointed by the Congress, another by the British Government with power to the two to appoint the third to decide both the questions at issue: (1) Whether it is competent for the Governors to give the assurance demanded by the Congress and (2) whether the present minority ministries are constitutional. It is a fair and honourable course that Gandhi has suggested. But as Lord Zetland has already distinctly stated that Government would not give the assurance even if it were constitutionally open to them

to do so, it is much to be doubted whether they will accept Gandhi's peace-offer.

Convene

The Legislatures

Those who expected that Lord Zetland's "firm" speech would confound Congressmen and frighten them into submission have reason to be themselves confounded. The speech, to repeat Gandhi's words, has only "hardened the universal suspicion in India." It has, as a non-Congress paper observes, brought the Right Wing of the Congress into line with the Left; though there has never been any material difference between the two wings regarding the non-acceptance of office without the Governors' assurance. Indeed, most Congressmen have ceased discussing the issues with Government or their supporters. They are betaking themselves to different methods to vindicate their rights, as may be seen from the Congress developments in the U. P. The Congress President puts the position plainly when he says: "Our paths lie in different directions. There is nothing in common between us, and we shall go along our path resolutely and with the will to put an end to the bogus Act which has been forced down upon us." It is significant that even non-Congressmen have been utterly dissatisfied with Lord Zetland's speech. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru regards it as "disappointing" and "lacking in any constructive suggestion." The "Statesman" is somewhat outspoken in its criticism of Lord Zetland's speech and says: "We are bound to admit that if matters are left where Lord Zetland left them on Thursday the Congress will have the best of the argument. If the Act is really such that there is the slightest difficulty in the Governors telling Congress leaders that there is nothing to prevent their going ahead with the programme outlined in the election manifesto, then we have to admit that we too have been mistaken about the Act. We, too, would recognise that it should soon be replaced by another." The "Statesman" probably thinks that a vague assurance like the one it has suggested might "satisfy" the Congress. But let there be no mistake about this. The assurance demanded by the A.I.C.C. is simple, unambiguous, and uncompromisable. If the Government think that the legislature may be less uncompromisable than the Congress, let them take the honest constitutional course of convening the legislatures. That course is demanded even by their best friend, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. If they would not do that or accept Gandhi's offer, they had better stop talking of constitutional proprieties.

U. P. Gives Lead

The Conference of Muslim Congressmen of U. P. to be held next month is a move which is commendable. It has been pointed out on more than one occasion that, properly approached, the Muslim masses will not fail to join hands with the Congress. It is particularly true of the United Provinces where Congress work among the peasants has revealed remarkable unanimity between the Hindus and Muslims on economic and political issues. The fact that despite every possible effort by communalist reactionaries backed by the bureaucracy, Congress Muslims were defeated in the Assembly

elections only by a narrow margin, had already indicated a growingly hopeful outlook. The recent unopposed election of Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai is a welcome sign and there is hope for yet another Congress Muslim to be returned to the Assembly in a forthcoming bye-election. The Conference will, therefore, meet at an opportune moment when the stage is well set for a concerted campaign to enlist Muslim sympathy for the Congress. The convenors of the Conference deserve felicitations on thus giving a prompt lead to Congress Muslims all over India.

Racial Bigotry

Reuter's latest cable regarding the anti-Asiatic legislation in South Africa throws a revealing light on the working of the Select Committee, which was appointed by the Union Parliament to report upon the Bills. It is evident now that the Bills were hardly considered upon their merits and that the majority of the Committee were actuated solely by narrow racial considerations in making the grossly unfair recommendations which they have done. The Committee turned down at the very beginning the request of India's Agent-General to attend their sittings, though a similar facility was granted only last year. Sir Syed Raza Ali, however, prevailed upon the Committee to hear his views at a subsequent date, and he conclusively proved the offensive character of the Bill. Not only

that, but he also succeeded in turning the tables upon the Committee by pointing out that it was not the European women who were in need of protection from Asiatic and native employers, but rather the Asiatic and native girls from European employers! The Agent-General's able pleadings, however, were unavailing against blind prejudice, and the recommendations were a foregone conclusion. One must gratefully note, however, that Mr. Hofmeyr, the Chairman of the Committee, and Mr. Derbyshire, who were members of the Goodwill Deputation that came to India last year, made a spirited stand against the Bill and their minority report is the only silver lining to the ugly cloud of racial bigotry which seems to be fast enveloping the African skies.

INDIAN HOME-LIFE

A Pen-Picture

(By SAUDAMINI MEHTA)

Of all the institutions that have come down from the past, in India, none is so strong as the family. In India society is built upon family life. We have no social clubs, except in some big cities and we have very few occasions for social functions. And yet it is a strange fact that though home is the centre of life in India, there is hardly any very remarkable or picturesque feature in our home life.

It is difficult to speak about Indian home life without travelling in all the provinces and without studying the manners and modes of living of the different people of India. Even in one province, home life of all the people is not the same. Family life varies enormously according to whether the family is large or small, living in poor or comfortable circumstances, old fashioned or enlightened. The villagers lead quite a different life from that of town dwellers.

The Old Order

In the town, the orthodox people live in joint-families. In these hard days of depression and unemployment, economically it is profitable to live in joint-families. But otherwise there is little of happiness in living together in big families. There is no scope for a young man or a woman to develop one's individuality in the joint-family. One has to suppress and repress one's desires and feelings to make the life of the whole family smooth and happy. In the joint-family there is seldom anything like a family gathering when all the members of the family both men and women assemble together and talk freely. The Hindu custom prevents the daughters-in-law coming and talking in the presence of the father-in-law or even elder brothers-in-law. Even the young husband and wife get very little opportunity of meeting each other during the day. From early morning, women are busy with their household work and cooking under the strict supervision of the mother-in-law. The children are either busy with play or with their studies. And the men, having nothing else to do in the morning, pass their time between newspaper reading and gossiping, etc. In the strictly orthodox Hindu families men always dine before the women. When all the men of the family are gone to attend their business the women of the house take their meals. Not even on holidays, do they take their meals together. Afternoon is the time for social calls for women. The young daughters-in-law of the family go to see their mothers in the afternoon and have a little relief from the strain of the household work and the rebukes of the mother-in-law. As the evening falls, the older women go to the temple to worship the god and the younger women get themselves busy with cooking for the dinner at night. The men, when they come back from their day's work, sometimes sit together and talk or go to see their friends.

The New Spirit

Recently, a great change has come over the old Hindu idea of family. Joint-family system is dissolving and disappearing and at places it has completely gone. Of the many causes which wrought this change the most noteworthy are, development of individuality of the educated youth and the influence of the new woman apart from the struggle for existence. This generation has been comparatively less subservient to hardening customs and narrow prejudices than the last generation. It is no more possible for the educated young couple to live in joint-family. The new woman wants life and companionship, the voice of friends and the delight of children. She wants her life to be a full one and she wants leisure to develop her full personality; for she knows that you must learn to enjoy yourself, that enjoyment does not always come naturally, that to be happy and good-natured and open-hearted requires mental training. She believes that happiness is the first goal of life and it is no sin to enjoy the good things of life. She cannot have all these things unless she has an independent house of her own, where she is the mistress of the house.

In the new type of Indian family, children enjoy a better position than in the joint-family. Their individual rights are res-

(Continued on page 7, column 4.)

Our London Letter

The Farce Of Non-Intervention In Spain

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, April 3.
(By Air Mail.)

From Monday bread is going to cost more in this country. Prices will be increased in London from 9d. to 9½d. for the quarter loaf and from 2½d. to 2-3/4d. for the lb. loaf. This increase in price is directly due to heavy buying of wheat by Germany and Italy, who between them have taken large quantities from the Danubian basin and from Argentina. Both countries are covering their needs until the next harvest, for their domestic yields have proved insufficient for their current needs, and they are paying high prices for grain wherever they can get it.

But rising prices are proving rather awkward for those newspapers which are running a "prosperity" campaign just now. Some, taking the bull by the horns, are arguing, not very convincingly though, that the higher the cost of living goes the more prosperous we are. The "Daily Dispatch," on the other hand, argues that the dearer loaf may prove a blessing in disguise if it teaches the poorer classes not to waste so important a food. And then in another column it discovers that there has been a welcome reduction in the price of fresh salmon, "and that the best cuts of Moya salmon may now be had at 3s. 6d. a lb. with head and shoulders at 2s. 6d. a lb. At the same time the bread question has also been puzzling the broadcasters. On Thursday night we had someone explaining all about the cost of wheat. How in New York and the Argentina (he might have added Liverpool) men spent their time in dealing in wheat futures, how sometimes they were buying wheat that had not even yet been sown, let alone grown or reaped and how this in some mysterious way guaranteed the farmer a market. This marvellous explanation succeeded finally in giving one the picture of a crowd of capitalist speculators raking a profit from transactions in one of the necessities of life, a profit that obviously had to come from somewhere, without

doing a single thing to help in the production.

Non-Intervention Fiction

The frantic Easter efforts of the British Government to preserve the fiction of "non-intervention" are bearing fruit. On Wednesday last the Propaganda Minister in Rome, sent for the journalists and assured them that Mussolini intended to observe the Non-Intervention Agreement and would send no more "volunteers" to Italy. The Italian Minister went on to say that all the Italians in Spain were volunteers, that their losses amounted to "certainly not more than a few hundred," and that in action they had displayed all the dash which the Fascist faith led them to feel—a statement that will hardly have helped to inspire in his hearers confidence in his preceding assurance. At the same time, "inspired" press reports said that it was "confidently hoped" that when the "Non-Intervention" Committee reassembled, the words of the Italian Ambassador would be "resumed discussion of the withdrawal of volunteers." By this means the British Government hopes to be able to conceal yet a little longer the breakdown of "Non-Intervention" consequent on the proof last week of the presence of divisions of the Italian Regular Army in Spain.

It is particularly noteworthy that, despite all efforts, the British Government has not been able to persuade Mussolini into any formal repudiation of intervention and have to rely on an informal nonsense talk with journalists by a Propaganda official as their justification. At this moment the "Daily Herald" comes out with a leader that caps all the long series of peculiar analysis published by that paper on the Spanish struggle. The victories of the Spanish people in that last week prove that "Non-Intervention" does not "help Franco." They are due to the fact that Franco is already "deprived of continuous foreign help." Consequently, "it would not be unhelpful" if the "ill-considered campaign for the abandonment of non-intervention

were given a rest." The "Daily Herald" thus exactly copies the National Government, which is at such pains to pretend that "Non-Intervention" is already in operation. A lot of publicity has been given to the enlistment of observers, but the fact is concealed that the control scheme has not started and will not start for weeks yet. Again, it is noteworthy that neither Hitler nor Mussolini, who could take measures with a stroke of pen, has yet issued legislation obliging their ships to call at the control ports. That these two Dictators do this, the scheme even with all its loopholes, remains nothing but paper.

Secret Understanding?

Meanwhile the attitude adopted by the British Government towards the development of the Spanish War and its attendant international complications, especially the astonishing blindness—amounting, it would appear, to obstinate refusal to recognise the realities of the situation—towards the existence and extent of Italian intervention on the Peninsula, have caused circulation of a number of rumours of what, on the surface, would appear to be of a startling character. Investigation of the possible basis for these rumours shows that there is excellent ground for believing that, pruned of their more essential attributes, these rumours are substantially true. It appears that (a) at some time between the beginning of March and the second week in January, i.e., sometime after the conclusion of the New Year Gentlemen's Agreement with Italy, a further agreement was arrived at between the representatives of this country (Britain) and those of Signor Mussolini to the effect that Great Britain would see to it that no embarrassing obstacle was placed in Italy's path to assist General Franco providing that Mussolini, on his part, would (1) use what influence he had with Germany to secure the withdrawal of German troops from Spain; and (2) go ahead with his intervention on behalf of Franco in the most unobtrusive manner possible. (b)

(Continued on page 10, column 1)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

INDIA'S COASTAL SHIPPING

Official circles are intriguingly reticent about the forthcoming Indo-Japanese Shipping Conference. Meanwhile it is found that there has recently been a considerable increase in the number of Japanese ships which trade from port to port in India. In most free countries their coasts are reserved for their own national ships. But that does not suit British interests in India. When, however, other foreign ships like those from Japan take advantage of India's helplessness British interests get alarmed, more at their own virtual monopoly disappearing than at India's loss. It seems probable that at the forthcoming conference they will quietly come to an understanding with Japan, sharing the monopoly with her regardless of India's rights and interests.

MUSLIM OR BRITISH UNIVERSITY?

The authorities who are at present ruling over the destiny of the Aligarh Muslim University are well-known for their reactionary views. The nationalist element among the staff and students has been, on more than one occasion, subjected to various penalties. But Professor A. B. A. Haleem, if his speech has been correctly reported, outdid the rankes reactionaries when he asked the nationalist minded students to leave the University, significantly adding that there were sixteen other Universities which they could join. In a general tirade against all progressive tendencies Mr. Haleem seems to have lost all sense of proportion and taking unfair advantage of his position, indulged in a most irresponsible attack on students whose only crime is a sense of duty to their country.

"The University belongs to the Mussalmans," he observed. But it is this very fact which he and his chief, Doctor Ziauddin, persistently forget in their loyalist effusions. One may ask Professor Haleem and Doctor Ziauddin whether they belong to the Mussalmans or to British Imperialism.

Another "honour" returned!

That the refusal of Congress to shoulder the responsibilities of Government without a specific assurance regarding the use of Governors' reserve powers has made an impressive appeal to the public mind can be gauged by the renunciation of his Dwan Bahadurship by Mr. M. K. Reddi of Madras. Government have, by now become pretty well accustomed to the return of the 'honours', but even they would have hardly expected such a rebuff on the present occasion. Mr. Reddi indignantly condemns "the setting up of the mockery Ministry against the will of the people and against parliamentary convention." He rightly characterises Government titles as "meaningless appendages", and expresses his resolute determination to join the Congress. Even minor events like this have a significance of their own, which Government will do well to ponder over in their own interests.

A FRIVOLOUS CHARGE

In acquitting Mr. Yusuf Menerally of the charge of disorderly behaviour and obstructing a police officer in the discharge of his duties, the Chief Presidency Magistrate has taken sane view of the whole affair. It was a frivolous charge, particularly the plea that Mr. Menerally attempted to rescue an arrested person, and the Magistrate rightly refused to swallow the story. The police officer evidently took umbrage at being asked by Mr. Menerally his name and the charge under which he arrested the person, questions to which policemen in this country are not

yet quite accustomed. But, as the Magistrate points out, there is no offence in asking such questions. Many police officers, however, think it a dire offence for an Indian to question their authority or in any way to argue with them. Else the officer who arrested Mr. Menerally would not have been so rash. Moreover, not all Magistrates are just and bold enough to censure their conduct.

Mahabeshwar Motor Tax

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Perhaps many of your readers are not aware that tax levied by Government on motor vehicles at Mahabeshwar is illegal. Many visitors to the hill station pay the tax thinking that it is a Municipal toll levied, rather heavily, because the poor Municipality at Mahabeshwar wants money to keep the roads in good condition. The tax is levied by Government. After the passage of the new Motor Vehicles Act any such imposition by Government is illegal. The W. I. A. A. of which I happen to be a member has written to me that it has taken legal advice in the matter and that this burden on the motorists who happen to visit the hill station is not legal. The Association has offered their help to me in my defence if any proceeding were instituted by Government against me for refusing to pay the toll. I should earnestly advise motorists to pay under protest, if they pay at all, the dues demanded of them and take every means to force the issue in a court of law, if necessary.

One can understand the Mahabeshwar Municipality levying a tax in the form of a wheel tax which I am sure will be a reasonable rate and which every motorist will willingly pay.—Yours, etc.

G. G. KHARE

Mahabeshwar, April 1.

WITHOUT COMMENT

"If the Act is really such that there is the slightest difficulty in the Governors telling the Congress leaders that there is nothing to prevent their going ahead with the programme outlined in the Election Manifesto, then we have to admit that we, too, have been mistaken about the Act. We, too, would recognise that it should soon be replaced by another."

— "Statesman", commenting on Zetland's speech.

The "Viceroy of India" was agrounded in the Suez Canal. Symbolic or prophetic?

"I have no need to justify my position", says Minister Jamnadas Mehta in a Press interview.

Of course not. In fact the very act of his accepting a minister-ship has fully and thoroughly vindicated his position.

Denying the "theory" that he was an 'interim' minister, he proudly declared that he was a 'full-fledged' minister.

The correspondent who interviewed him does not mention whether he actually blushed when saying that.

IMPENDING APOLOGY?

"Lord Linlithgow, I understand, proposes to call a cattle conference in Simla by the end of May and has addressed a communication to provincial Governors on the subject."

— A local Sunday paper

There is no truth in the rumour, of course, that consideration of Lord Zetland's recent speech will be one of the items on the agenda of the aforesaid cattle conference.

Talking about conferences we read that the Attorney-General of Moscow recently called a conference of thieves.

Here is an opportunity for the capitalists of the world to laugh—till many of them discover that, maybe, the joke is on themselves.

According to a contemporary, "The Viceroy has not lost interest in stud bulls..."

Which reminds us that the poor animals of late have been rather out of the picture in the Anglo-Indian Press. This demands the immediate attention of the Stud Bulls' Publicity Department—we mean, the Director of Information Bureau.

The Aligarh Pro-Vice-Chancellor has made a speech. That is nothing unusual. Speech-making is a routine business for the umpteenth different species of Chancellors who govern the destinies of the University students.

This speech of the Aligarh P. V. C. is, however, important. He has asked the nationalist students to quit. "There are sixteen other Universities", he is said to have significantly suggested.

The even more significant fact is that such warnings have been given again and again. And yet the nationalist element among the students persists—much to chagrin of successive Chancellors, Pro-Chancellors, Vice-Chancellors, and Pro-Vice-Chancellors.

The P. V. C. asked the students of the University to follow in the foot-steps of such "distinguished old boys" as Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and the Nawab of Chhatari.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, we hasten to add, is the Punjab Chief Minister who recently confessed to be only a matriculate.

Nawab of Chhatari, the Chief Minister of U. P., to our knowledge, has never made even that claim to academic distinction.

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(By The Junior Colleague)

(1) The provincial Muslim League has duly decided to remove Minister Huseinul Rahimtoola's name from its roll of members.

(2) The Liberal Federation has at last decided to give a momentous lead to the country in the present "constitutional crisis" and "that an epoch-making manifesto is being prepared to be published as soon as it is signed by a dozen Liberals.

(3) Scenry proceedings will be started soon against the "Statesman" for its comments on Lord Zetland's speech.

"To what do you attribute your remarkable health?"

"Well," replied the very old gentleman, "I reckon I got a good start on most people by being born before germs was discovered thereby havin' less to worry about."

Human Element In Cottage Industries

Mr. Kumarappa's Plea For Their Development

Beliefs in money value of production, held by the nations of Europe heading to violence, as compared to those in human value, announced by Gandhiji, pledged to non-violence, with his programme of "khadi" and cottage industries, were explained by Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, at a public meeting held at Jinnah Hall, on Sunday. Mr. Jinnah had presided.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the All-India Village Industries Association. A large number of ladies were present.

The speeding up of labour, the employment of women in ammunition factories in several parts of the Continent, the artificial methods employed in large-scale production as was done, as far as India was concerned, in Kolar Gold fields were all brought under survey by the speaker in narrating the deteriorating effects, consequent upon such methods.

A large concourse of people paid a visit to the Congress House in the evening prior to their attending the meeting to have a look at the embroidery work executed on Khadi cloth, also pottery like tea-pots and toys, leather work, (showing incidentally the skill of the members of the Bhagini Samaj), bottles of hair-oil, rose water, ivory works, beautifully engraved, samples of "gur" prepared from sweet juice at Shegan, toy cane-chairs and other handicrafts displayed at the Fairplay session exhibition of the Indian National Congress, and again exhibited on Sunday, in Bombay. Most of the provinces had contributed their quota.

After the meeting was over, more than 500 persons attended a dinner, for which the menu included vegetable curries and hand-pounded, unpolished rice.

Among those who were present at the dinner were Messrs. Jinnah, Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, Nagindas Master, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Mrs. Safa Khan and Messrs. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Gokubhai Bhat, S. K. Patil, Ishwarbhai Patel, Ganpalishankar Desai. Ladies took a prominent part in serving the dinner.

THEORIES OF VALUE.

The presumption of value of goods arose only as long as villages and towns were separated. There was a time when the goods produced in villages were marketed out in towns, said Mr. J. C. Kumarappa at the public meeting. But now the position was reversed, and if one could take the example of Bombay, one could say it lived on the exploitation of villages.

Questions had been again and again trotted out to the speaker as to how it was possible for the people of India to go back on old days when it was an age of industrialisation. But the only answer which he had been giving was that there were fundamental differences between the theories of value. There were several values like the money value and human value. But he would advocate human value for various reasons.

It was with the same object of reviving human values that Gandhiji had been seeking to make the country go back on the old and cultural position which India occupied once upon a time.

PRACTICAL ILLUSTRATION.

Illustrating the practical side of his statement, he asked the audience to imagine the objects shown to the tourists in several parts of the continent. If a tourist was taken to Cairo or Egypt, he would talk of ancient times, that was value in terms of time. Further up in Italy the same tourist would talk in terms of art and in England his attention would be drawn to the British Museum—a collection of articles from several parts of the Empire—and it was mainly acquisition. In America people talked in terms of dollars or money, so that in several parts of the world people in those respective parts talked about culture which its turn represented value.

The speaker did not think that handicrafts involved much drudgery. But on the other hand it was an argument usually advanced by capitalists. In America articles were produced on a large scale and by machinery, by traction-driving with its nerve-racking process, and the system involved enormous strain on the nervous system of human beings.

He felt that human drudgery, could be avoided by the process of differentiation in manufacture, and it was his experience that usually such work was looked upon more as hobby than as work.

HUMAN ELEMENT.

Moreover in cottage industries there was the human element that was to be counted. Those who were working for village industries at present were working for decentralisation of operations. That involved distribution of wealth. High division of labour might lead

to standardised goods, but there was the human element lacking. It might also lead to high efficiency but there was no intrinsic value in the labour.

Those countries in Europe, either capitalist or communist which sought simultaneously markets for raw materials and markets for the finished products led, in the opinion of the speaker, to violence. The Abyssinian war was a direct result of such a situation in Italy.

Russia was not an example to be followed by India, because it was still in an experimental stage. If Russia yielded the same results after 200 years the speaker could say that such methods of centralisation of production could succeed. England could not be called prosperous, if that was an argument to be advanced that centralisation of methods had succeeded there. The resources of England depended on India, and as long as the former depended on the latter, it could not be said that it was prosperous. If India was gone and still England managed to get on in the same way, then the speaker could say that capitalism or centralisation of products could succeed. In America although it was not more than 50 years that such a system had been brought into play, there was more misery and unemployment than most of the nations.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

In India he gave the example of Kolar Gold Fields and when he visited it once, he was asked by someone how he liked it. The speaker replied that he would like to be a toddy shop-keeper because human labour in those fields was exacted by such incentives and the bulk of the revenue of the Mysore Government came from today, with the result that one could see the poorest people in that district and the adjoining ones. The effect of such labour was really deteriorating and in those places even cows were used as draft cattle.

A belief persisted in certain quarters that if the standard of living was raised in a certain country it would serve their ideal. It was such a question that was put to him by Sir Visweswaraya recently. To him the speaker replied that raising the standard of living only was not enough. Nor did it stop there as such conditions had their reactions. Rich men did not stop at making only certain amount of money. Their example would be followed by others, less poor, and the sons of the rich men usually squandered money as they had not the experience of husbanding resources, not having been accustomed to the ways of acquisition.

RACE FOR ARMAMENTS.

How large-scale production ended in large-scale destruction was further illustrated by Mr. Kumarappa by the present feverish race for armaments. Some nations used women as ammunition factories and motherhood was exploited for purposes of fodder for the machine guns.

As contrasted to these methods of centralisation coupled with violence he instanced non-violence and economic production enunciated by Gandhiji. It was the speaker's opinion that only such methods would have salutary effects on the betterment of the conditions in a country.

Therefore, he asked the audience to consider before buying goods whether such goods contributed to the human value or whether their buying would distribute the wealth of their country and increase their national wealth. He therefore, appealed them to be discriminating buyers.

DEVELOP VILLAGE INDUSTRIES.

After Mr. Vaikunth Mehta has explained in Gujarati what Mr. J. C. Kumarappa had said Mr. Jinnah said that the economic rejuvenation of a country could be had only by development of village industries. If India were free, then only could have adopted measures to improve the condition of the masses generally and by protecting the Indian industries. He concluded with an appeal that better discrimination should be made between foreign and Indian goods and that greater encouragement be given for cottage industries.

PLIGHT OF PEASANTS IN CUTCH STATE

(From A Correspondent.)

BHUBH (CUTCH) April 11.

Having failed at the end of his administration with decisive actions, the 60 years' career of the Maharaja of Cutch who is now old cannot attend to Administration of the State. The grand heir apparent are enjoying foreign travels, so the virtual ruler is the heir apparent and Dewan Suryashanker Mehta.

Due to his weak policy provincial officers have become a law unto themselves and the people's lot is very hard. This state of affairs has placed peasant class in a very pathetic plight, their dis-

FIRST MOSQUE IN KOBE

Muslims Observe Id-ul-Zuha In Japan

(From A Correspondent.)

KOBE, Feb. 23.

On February 18 Mr. R. A. Jha, Indian philosopher and Vedic missionary, who is now in Japan, delivered an illuminating address on the "Present condition of the Nationalist Movement in India," under the auspices of the Indian Independence League of Japan. The meeting was quite a success. Mr. Rash Behari Bose presided and several Indians and guests in Tokyo were present.

It seems the Japan Table Tennis Association is desirous of adopting table-tennis as an open event in the first Oriental Championship Games next year and in the Tokyo Olympics.

FIRST MOSQUE.

On February 21st Id-ul-Zuha festival was held and prayers offered by the Japanese Muslims both at the Tokyo and Kobe mosques.

As a visible sign of Islam in Japan the Muslims have built their first mosque in Kobe. Needless to say the two great yearly Muslim festivals, viz. Id-ul-Fitre and Id-ul-Zuha are celebrated with great enthusiasm in Tokyo and Kobe and many Japanese devotees exchange "Id-Mubarak" in right religious and brotherly fashion.

MRS. RATANBAI MEHTA CONGRATULATED

Tribute To Work For Harijan Uplift

At the prize distribution of the Dadar Sarwajanik Free Night School on Sunday evening at the school premises, Suraj Building, Ephenstone Road, Parel, Prof. V. S. Rao, Bar-at-Law, congratulated Mrs. Ratanbai L. Mehta on her successfully conducting the social work in the city.

Prayer, Lathi drill, Gujarati Dialogue and Flute-band were some of the items of the day. These over, Mrs. Mehta read the report. The school, she said, was started in 1929 for the benefit of Harijans. It had now a strength of 58, including not only Harijans but members of all communities and castes. The Corporation had sanctioned an annual grant of Rs. 150, and the present premises and furniture of the school were a free gift by the Municipal Schools Committee. The school was rather intended for adults, even though many boys also attended the classes. The institution imparted instructions in tailoring, fret-works, band, etc., in order to find work for the unemployed.

After distributing the prizes, Prof. Rao said that the city had ample scope for social work, and congratulated Mrs. Mehta on her earnest and successful attempts in the line. Mrs. Mehta, he said, had been working for the uplift of the Harijans for the last so many years. After the vote of thanks, the meeting terminated.

SUBHAS BABU AND SOCIALIST PARTY

CALCUTTA, April 11.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Joint Secretary, All-India Congress Socialist Party, and Dr. R. M. Lohia, Secretary, Foreign Department, A.I.C.C. who had a long talk with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, left for Patna to-night "en route" to Allahabad.

Mr. Masani told the Associated Press that he gathered from the talk that Mr. Bose would work in close co-operation with the party with whose programme of work Mr. Bose found himself in general agreement.

The Associated Press learns that the recent ban on Mr. Niharendu Dutta Masumdar M.L.A., prohibiting him from entering Barrackpore Sub-Division, was rescinded to-day on the ground that continuance of the order will be interfering with his proper duties as the member of the Assembly, from the Barrackpore Registered Factories Constituency.—A.P.

troubles and hardships are unimagined and innumerable the Cutch Balia Peasants visited the capital Bhuj, for lodging complaints at the week-end but none heard them. Jakhu Peasants are still awaiting "Nakhatrana," and Mahal peasants cry for redress continually. Capital is being flooded with peasants from all villages. The Maharaja does not attend to complaints. Dewan Suryashanker does not, cannot, hear any complaint against him.

Amidst such condition the Maharaja is proceeding to England next week, only after four months' stay in Cutch, he having returned from Europe only in December last. He has no time to hear the distressing tales against Administrative oppressions from peasants and people whose self-respect, lives and properties are not protected.

INDIAN HOME-LIFE

(Continued from page 6.)

pected in the modern family and they are no longer held in subjection. The modern home-life in India is influenced by Western ideas and customs. But fortunately we have not yet introduced a kind of formality in our home-life which Westerners seem to have in their homes. We have a more peaceful domestic life in India than in the Western countries because our daily life is less influenced by modern scientific inventions. There is one further good point about our domestic life—we have no hard and fast rules about manners. We are always polite to our elders and to strangers but there is no artificiality about our manners as in Western countries. One finds a harmonious synthesis of Eastern and Western manners and customs in a modern Indian home.

Aping The West

Only in few exceptional families in cities like Bombay and Calcutta we find blind imitation of the Western mode of living. They go to the ridiculous extent of speaking incorrect Hindi to their servants in imitation of Europeans. They call their relatives' houses in Western fashion and have their food and dress exactly like Europeans. Such persons are alien in their own country except for their dark colour. These people have almost ceased to be Indians. We have to be careful of the danger of being too Westernised or imitating merely the superficial and outward forms of Western life.

Rustic Life

In small towns and the villages the standard of living is low and our means would not permit us to adopt Western mode of living. As a nation we still believe happily in plain living. In the villages there is no public life at all. Life is divided between work and rest. The rustic family lives close to the earth and it tends to be larger than the modern town family. The occupations of born men and women lie near at hand, so that both father and mother have a direct relation to the children and are known by them not only as parents, but as individuals with certain tasks and interests that contribute to the family needs. As the children grow up, they help their parents in these tasks, the girls following their mother's example in the house, the boys their father's outside on the farm. For women there is not much of house-keeping in the village. Houses are small and with little furniture. But the women work hard, they grind their own flour and they draw water from wells. The well is the great meeting place of the village women. As they fill their jars, they lean over the curb and talk. And it is here that is told the latest news, the latest titillation and the little scandal of the place. The village women have few accomplishments. They sometimes sing folk songs but they do not learn music or painting or any other fine arts. Accomplishments are the means to fill up time otherwise unoccupied; but the village women seldom have any time on their hands. Accomplishments are part of the polish that education gives and the polish they have not yet reached. There is no leisured class in the villages and there are very few girls who have not to help in one way or another the upkeep of household. On the whole, the domestic life of villagers is dull and monotonous.

Village Festivities

Only at the time of festivals there is some joy in their life. In October when the rains are over and the cool weather is coming then come the festivals of Navaratri, Dashera and Diwali. After working hard for six months the villagers enjoy these festivals tremendously. There being no other gaieties or places of enjoyment as cinemas or theatres in the villages, the peasants enjoy the well-earned holidays more than the town dwellers. But although these festivals often become fairs, although they are the great centres for amusement and the people look forward to them as their great event of pleasure of the year, they are not to be forgotten that they are essentially religious feasts, holy days. Though there be no great ceremony of worship or prayer save perhaps the giving of alms to religious priests, yet religion is the heart and soul of the matter. What if the people make merry, too, if they make their holy days holidays? Is there any harm? For their pleasure are very simple, very innocent.

A "Gazette of India" notification says that the Viceroy, accompanied by Lady Linlithgow and personal staff, will leave New Delhi on tour on April 16 and arrive in Simla on May 5 and that the Executive Council will assemble in Simla on April 17.

BALDWIN TO RETIRE ON MAY 22

Neville To Succeed: But Rumpus Likely Over Chancellorship

LONDON, March 27. (By Air Mail.)

Mr. Stanley Baldwin stated definitely this week he had decided to retire on May 22.

He said he had chosen that date because it will be the anniversary of his assumption of the Premiership in 1923, in succession to Mr. Bonar Law.

"BOY-APPRENTICE"

The Premier will not retire to the fastness of Worcestershire. During the Parliamentary session after the Coronation he will stay in town to keep an eye on his successor, the 68-year-old Mr. Neville Chamberlain, dubbed by the Beaverbrook newspapers this week as "the boy apprentice."

Mrs. Baldwin is enquiring about 89, Eaton Square, S.W.1, a cream coloured house, as the family's London residence where they move from No. 10 Downing Street. As neighbours, the Baldwins would have Lady Caroline Drummond, grand-daughter of the first Earl of Cottenham and the exclusive Eaton Square Club. One thing which may make Mrs. Baldwin decide against this property is that it has no garden in which her husband could smoke his pipe.

"MAC" FOR WORLD TOUR.

With the Premier's retirement, Ramsay MacDonald will go on a world tour and will write more reminiscences.

At a secret conference just held between Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Sir John Simon. "News Review" learns an agreement was signed for the Government to continue in its "National" form.

Private consultations between high Tory officials confirmed this arrangement last week. It has also been discovered that Sir John Simon told Mr. Chamberlain that he would like to be Chancellor of the Exchequer when the Cabinet is reconstructed in May.

But there are signs of a rumpus over the Chancellorship. Friends of Mr. Walter Runciman have been enthusiastically pressing his claims for the job. If a Conservative revolt breaks out, Mr. Chamberlain may choose neither Sir John Simon nor Sir Walter, both Liberals, but someone from his own Party. An obvious alternative would be Sir Samuel Hoare but he has hinted that he is content to stay at the Admiralty. His health is none too good, and Lady Hoare feels that the strain of the Treasury would be too much for her husband. Sir Samuel finds Admiralty work engrossing, and is not displeased at the prospect of long cruises in the Mediterranean on the board.—United Press.

STOP PRESS.

REPAIRS NOT POSSIBLE IN EGYPT

SUEZ, April 11.

Divers examined the "Viceroy of India", and reported damage to steering gear stern hull. The extent of the damage will not be known until further examination is made at Port Said. The present reports indicate that it won't be possible to repair the vessel in Egypt.—Reuter.

"HOOD" TO PROTECT BRITISH SHIPPING?

GIBRALTAR, April 11.

It is learned from official naval sources, that "Hood" moved to sea, to protect British shipping round Spain. It is reliably stated that "Hood" is proceeding to neighbourhood of Bilbao. It is pointed out that there has been no change in British Government's policy of protecting British shipping from interference.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

LONDON, April 11.

The death has occurred of Prof. Algernon Ashton.

(Prof. Ashton was born at Durham in 1859; was composer and professor of the pianoforte at Royal College of Music, between 1885-1910; London College of Music since 1913; and on the Board of Examiners since 1918. He has published about 170 works, etc.)

TRIPARTITE GOVT. TO CONTINUE.

BRUSSELS, April 11.

The Bye-election between Van Zeeland and De Grelle mentioned on March 9 has resulted in Van Zeeland securing 275,840 votes and De Grelle 69,242 votes, and every eligible elector had to vote or pay fine; but there were 18,356 blank or spoiled papers which are less than those at the last general election.

Van Zeeland fought the election on the platform of the continuation of Tripartite Government, in order to complete the country's economic and financial recovery. It is noteworthy that, in the last election, the Government supporters polled only 64.5 per cent.—Reuter.

League Football

CHAMPIONSHIP PROSPECT FOR MANCHESTER CITY

Not Lost A Single Match Since Christmas Day

LONDON, April 10.

South has lost all interest in the Cup Final which will be played at Wembley on May, when Millwall previous giant killers were themselves killed by Sunderland who have not yet won the cup in the history of the club. Only once they reached the final in 1913.

The biggest crowd of the day was at Manchester City where 70,000 saw the City who had not yet lost a single League match since the Christmas Day go on the top of the table worthily beating Arsenal whose forwards were shaky in front of the goal.

At interval, the City led by one goal to nil.

The Manchester City with a game on hand have one point lead over Arsenal and Charlton and should now win the championship.

SUNDERLAND vs. MILLWALL.

Sunderland missed an opportunity in the opening stages of the game, Gurney allowing Millwall's goalkeeper, Yull, to take ball of his toes a yard from the line. At the eleventh minute Mangnall, Millwall's hero easily converted a centre from Smith. Londoners played like men inspired but Sunderland gradually improved refusing to be flurried. They equalised after half an hour's play, Gurney hooking into the net after a corner. Half time score was one goal all.

THRILLING FINISH

It was an All-Sunderland after resumption, only the amazing and daring anticipation of the Goal-keeper Yull and the steadiness of the back's prevented several goals.

At the twentieth minute however, after a free-kick for hands, Gallacher headed the ball into the net, Yull misjudging.

The closing stages were packed with thrills.

Over 62,000 persons watched

MICHAEL WINS B.A.A.C. CHALLENGE CUP

5-Mile Walking Race Result

A crowd of spectators gathered around the Oval on Saturday evening to witness the 5 Miles Walking Race for the B.A.A.C. Challenge Cup, organised by the Bombay Amateur Athletic Club. Though the entries were rather poor in number—only six competitors having sent in their entries—it was more than made up by the quality of walking displayed.

Out of the six competitors, only five faced the starter and at 4.45 p.m. these competitors were sent away to a perfect start. The route for the race was about 4½ laps around the Oval, starting from near the Clock Tower. S. H. Kutur at once took the lead closely followed by Michael, Jungalwala and Saul, while D. H. Kutur brought up the rear, about one hundred yards behind the leader. At the end of the first round, the order was maintained. The beginning of the third round saw Michael leading by about twenty yards from S. H. Kutur, who had a lead of about the same distance from Jungalwala and Saul.

At this stage the Judges thought it necessary to administer a warning to S. H. Kutur and Saul, who were noticed to be infringing the Rules of Walking. This considerably slowed down the pace of these walkers, and Michael and Jungalwala increased their distance from S. H. Kutur and Saul respectively. Michael walked very well and breathed the tape in the good timing of 45mins 52-2/5secs S. H. Kutur finished second about one hundred yards behind the winner, his time being 46 mins. 47-2/5 secs. Jungalwala was third and he completed the distance in 47 mins. 53-4/5 secs. Saul fourth, about one hundred yards behind Jungalwala, and D. H. Kutur fifth about 300 yards behind Saul.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

After the Race, Mr. David Abraham gave a brief report of the activities of the Club, particularly mentioning the work the Club has been doing in promoting Athletic Meetings and events. Mr. Gerald L. Chard, who presided, mentioned about the good work that the Club was doing, and appealed all to support and co-operate wholeheartedly in all the enterprises of the Club. Mrs. F. W. Thornback then distributed the prizes to the successful competitors.

Mr. Dara B. Taraporewala then thanked all the Officials, Competitors, Police and the Spectators for their assistance and co-operation and support.

The following are the result, C. B. Michael received the handsome B.A.A.C. Challenge Cup, in addition to his own prize:—

1. C. B. Michael (Unattached), 2. S. H. Kutur (B.A.A.C.), 3. D. D. Jungalwala (Unattached), Time:—42mins. 52-2/5secs.

It would be of interest to note

the game and the receipts were 5240 sterling.

PRESTON'S MERITORIOUS WIN

It is 48 years since Preston last won the cup final.

Their win to-day was meritorious although Albion were firstly minus their Captain.

The centre-half Sandford was put out of stride by being a goal down in the fifth minute due to one of the back's miskickings.

Frank O'Donnell scored Preston's first goal. While the Albion were dithering Dougal with a lovely volley netted five minutes later. O'Donnell again scored in the twentieth minute. At half-time Preston led by three goals to nil.

West Bromwich improved after resumption, Robbins reducing the lead when a freekick went off Preston players head but Preston's stronger defence and sounder attack always held the rivals. Dougal's seven minutes from finish scored winner's fourth goal.

Attendance was 42,636 and the receipt were 5,265 sterling.—Reuter's Special.

that the Record time set up by R. G. Nair of the B.A.A.C. is 42 mins. 53-4/5 secs. and it still remains unbroken.

Poona Wadi Badminton Club Dadar

It has been proposed to hold Carrom Tournament under the auspices of the above club, as shown below:—

- (1) Men's Doubles.
- (2) Men's Singles.

The entrance fee will be annas 4 per head.

The tournament will be open to the Hindu residents of Dadar-Matunga estates including those residing in Parsi Colony and near the Dadar Fire Bridge.

Those wishing to participate should submit their names together with the necessary fee to the Hon'y. Secretary on or before the 20th April, 1937.

The entries close at 8-30 p.m. on 20-4-37.

Suitable prizes will be awarded to the winners and runners up of both the Sections (i.e. Singles and Doubles).

Rules and other particulars may be obtained from the Hon'y. Secretary.

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"U. P. Ministers Have No Popular Programme"

Pandit Pant's Correspondence With Govt.

LUCKNOW, April 11. Some correspondence has passed between Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly and Mr. J. C. Donaldson, Secretary to the Governor. Writing on April 8, from Haldwani, Pandit Pant demands that a session of the U. P. Legislative Assembly be convened forthwith, and the election of the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker be made, so that its structure may be completed and it may begin to function.

GENERAL BELIEF. Pandit Pant says: "It is the general belief that the session is being delayed, in order to avoid embarrassment likely to be caused to the present Ministry which does not enjoy the confidence of the Assembly or the electorate."

These considerations, he thinks, should be ruled out, as law requires these offices of the Assembly shall be chosen as soon as may be and for the purpose. "It is absolutely immaterial whether the Council of Ministers does or does not possess the confidence of the house. Embarrassment to the Ministers cannot be valid ground for putting off the first meeting. Any discrimination on such a ground will be inconsistent with the oft-repeated declaration of the Government."

BHOPATKAR PATS JAMNADAS

Congress Is Suffering From Superiority Complex, He Says

POONA, April 11. Interviewed by the "United Press" with regard to the programme proposed by the Bombay "Interim" Cabinet, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, the President of the Democratic Swaraj Party, said: "I must really, heartily congratulate the Hon'ble Mr. Jamnadas Mehta in securing the support of his other colleagues in the cabinet and of His Excellency Lord Bra-bourne to the programme of work with which the Democratic Swaraj Party has charged him, and I have full faith in his ability and resourcefulness to carry it through."

"The programme requires to be supplemented in two respects, namely, first, to make physical education free and compulsory alongside intellectual education on lines mentioned in the report of the Physical Training Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay in 1927; and secondly, to throw open immediately to the village cattle all the village pasture-lands or 'Gayrans' and also the forest lands adjoining villages."

PROHIBITION FEASIBLE. "In my opinion, total prohibition is quite feasible, and the loss of revenue on that score can easily be made up by tapping some sources of revenue hitherto left severely alone, and which I have indicated in my dissenting minute to the Report of the Prohibition (Finance) Committee of 1926."

"Frankly enough, the Bombay Cabinet have given a courageous lead to the Cabinets in other provinces in the matter of a programme and policy which should and could be taken up by them for the betterment of the lot of the masses and such of the classes as are in need of immediate help and protection."

HIT AT CONGRESS. "By the bye, I should like to make a suggestion to the Bombay Cabinet; that the greater part of their programme could well be given immediate effect by executive action and need not wait for any legislative sanction. Such a bold step on their part will not fail to strike public imagination, and surely be taken as an earnest of their courage of convictions and sincerity of purpose. They should look up for sympathy and encouragement more to the public at large than to the Congress, which at present has begun to suffer from what may be termed as superior patriotism-cum-statesmanship complex."

Let the Cabinet immediately effectuate what they intend, while the Congress is fiddling away its time and energy in the polemic of assurances, and I feel not any the least doubt that in due course of time, they will not fail to rally round themselves and their programme, public opinion and support.—United Press.

The Second Class Mail-rate, Bhusawal, delivered judgment yesterday in a case against Mr. V. V. Phatak, a local Labour leader, sentencing him to a fine of Rs. 3 under section 122 of the Indian Railway Act.

The case was filed by the Station Master, Bhusawal, G.I.P. Railway, in June last year under sections 112 and 122, I. R. Act.

nor, about their determination to remain above party politics, and to act in a detached and impartial manner as sole representatives of the Crown in the province.

GOVT'S REPLY. Pandit Pant received a reply from Mr. J. C. Donaldson, this morning, in which he informs the Pandit that His Excellency has no immediate intention of summoning the legislature and proposes to do so, when his ministers are in a position to place their budget proposals and programme before it.

Pandit Pant addressed another letter to-day, regretting the decision of His Excellency. He says: "The anxiety of the ministry in the U.P., to put off the evil day, when they will have inevitably to face a hostile Assembly, is easily intelligible, but, apart from other matters, delay in submission to the Legislature of a Bill about Ministerial salaries, involving, as it may, financial loss to the province, amounts to an abuse of the law and is deplorable."

Pandit Pant adds: "I am amused though not surprised. To know that one of the reasons assigned for not summoning the Legislature, is that the ministers have at present no programme to place before the legislature."—A.P.

CONGRESS MUST TAKE UP ZETLAND'S CHALLENGE

In Case Governors Refuse A.I.C.C. Must Decide To Convene Assemblies Independently, Says Masani

CALCUTTA, April 11. "Gandhiji hoped that it would be possible to arrange for a natural, orderly and peaceful transfer of power from the bureaucracy to the largest and fullest democracy known to the world. We Socialists have always pleaded that such a willing transfer is not known to history. Lord Zetland has now added his voice to ours," said Mr. M. R. Masani, Acting General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, who is now in Calcutta, interviewed on Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords.

END FURTHER CONTROVERSY. Continuing Mr. Masani observed: "Lord Zetland's speech has the saving merit that he will not provide even a proverbial straw at which our drowning co-operators and constitutionalists can have a clutch. I am delighted that he has locked, barred and bolted the door to any understanding between Congress and the Government. It is to be hoped that the futile controversy, which certain Congress leaders have entered into with judges and ex-patriots as to the legality or illegality of the Government's conduct, will now come to an end."

TAKE UP THE CHALLENGE. "If the Ministers continue to hide behind the skirts of Governors, I think the A.I.C.C. should, as representing the nation, decide to summon the assemblies in spite of the Governors' refusal to do so and these Assemblies should function independently of the Governor and his Cabinet. This is a step which Lord Zetland's speech has made it imperative for the Congress to take, if it is to meet his challenge."—United Press.

HARTAL ARRESTS IN NABHA

Punjab Congress Cabinet Condemns Action Of State Officials

LAHORE, April 9. The Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, at its sittings on April 6th and 7th respectively, passed the following resolutions:—

"The Working Committee strongly condemns the action of Patiala and Nabha authorities in arresting Lala Sant Ram, for his having organised hartal in these states."

"The Working Committee appointed a sub-committee of Lala Shamal, Lala Duni Chand, Pandit Shri Ram, Mr. Das Raj and Lala Nand Lal (Convenor) to guide and advise the subordinate Congress Committees in running local and District Board elections."

"The Working Committee enters its strong protest against the procedure adopted in the election of the Speaker of the Punjab Assembly, because the secrecy of ballot-papers was not maintained."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Indian Listeners And Radio Programmes"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—With reference to the remarks about British radio of your correspondent, Mr. V. G. Motwane appearing in your issue of 9th instant, we have to say as follows:—

"This is a most unauthoritative, groundless and unbusinesslike statement. With all his so-called experience Mr. Motwane seems to be quite ignorant of British radio sets. It is absolutely a baseless statement that American sets are better than the British sets."

It is a proved fact now that American sets are far behind the present day British sets in quality, tone and reception. Instead of making such baseless statement, we refer Mr. Motwane to import statistics from which he will learn something about the increase number of British sets landing in India every year. We trust he will go to the bottom of this and find out the reason of this incessant flow of British radios in the Indian market."

We are sure the Indian listener does not attach any importance to such meaningless statements from people who are no authorities on radio technicalities.—Yours, etc., J. K. SHAVAKSHAW.

Corporation Walk-Out

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—I was surprised to see the letter of Jamnadas Dwarakadas in the issue of your paper dated 7th instant, the Wednesday, wherein he has blamed Muslim Corporators for not supporting a motion for federation to the existing Mayor on grounds of communalism. It is entirely untrue and baseless.

Although the actions of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta during the last communal riots smack of communalism as was pointed out by Mr. Mohomed Mitha in his speech, some of the Muslim Corporators only supported the adjournment motion with a view to tide over the open opposition which was anticipated at that meeting, owing to political reasons consequent upon Mr. Jamnadas Mehta accepting Ministry against the wishes of the majority parties.

Apart from this the ex-Mayor's career in office was not one without a blemish. He did not convene a Peace Committee meeting at all during the recent riot, while on the other hand he represented the Hindu community at the Conference convened by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay at the Secretariat. His speech of appreciation of the measures adopted during the riots at a luncheon given to His Excellency, shows that he was not appreciating of the difficulties of the poor citizens. In spite of the above fact it will be unfair to Muslims to say that they had inspired the move with a motive behind. Nothing is further from truth when you note that persons such as Mr. Sultan Chinnay, Mr. Allaraka Abba, Mr. Hussain Beg Mohamed and other Muslims opposed even the adjournment motion.—Yours, etc., A MUSALMAN.

Gamble Of Monthly Options

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas has emphasised the necessity for unitary control in the cotton market. In passing he has referred to the wild gamble of Ankh-Farak that is impoverishing the City's population.

Even if unitary control is granted I doubt whether the E.I.C.A. is capable enough to suppress this growing vice.

For even with present powers the E.I.C.A. is not in a position to suppress the gamble that is running nearer home—I mean the gamble of monthly options. If the practice of Ankh-Farak is impoverishing the townsmen.

Governor-General's Assent To Central Acts

NEW DELHI, April 10. The following Acts of the Indian Legislature have been assented to by the Governor General:—

The Indian Army (Amendment) Act; The Code of Civil Procedure (Third Amendment) Act; The Indian Red Cross Society Amendment (Act).—United Press.

Tea Export Quota

NEW DELHI, April 10. In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 13 of the Indian Tea Control Act, 1933, the Central Government, after consulting the Indian Tea Licensing Committee, is pleased to declare that the Indian overseas export allotment of tea for the financial year 1937-38 shall be 309,531.55 pounds avoirdupois.—United Press.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Licence Mor Moneylenders

S. V. J. suggests that "Government should bring forth legislation providing for the licensing of the moneylenders, making it a crime punishable by a fine or imprisonment to procure monies for double or treble the amounts really borrowed from them. The maximum rate of interest also should be fixed."

Constitutional Crisis. K. M. S. (Morvi) referring to the refusal of the Governors to give the modest assurances asked by the Congress leaders observes that a false sense of prestige has taken the place of broad-minded statesmanship.

Fatepur Sikri Station. M. DEBI PRASAD AGARWAL requests the railway company to arrange for the building of a more convenient railway platform at the Fatepur Sikri station, as the present one, being below carriage level, causes a good deal of hardship to passengers.

Bulsar Electric Charges. MOHANLAL P. KAPADIA (Bulsar) requests the Bulsar Electric Light Supply Co. to reduce their present high charges to a reasonable level.

Aimer Board Exams. AGGRIEVED (Indore) protests against the decision of the Aimer High School and Intermediate Board to hold the re-examinations at the end of April, as the summer heat is almost unbearable at that time.

PYARELAL JEEVAN (Poona) writes in the same strain and particularly criticises the attitude adopted by the Anglo-Indian Press in the matter.

This system of monthly options that is started by the E.I.C.A. is responsible for impoverishing the community of cotton agriculturists in the whole of India, the loss runs into several crores.

In January, the Indian cotton agriculturist lost about Rs. 5 in parity with Americans. In February he lost another Rs. 10 per candy. In March 1937, Indian cotton is sold at Rs. 9½ cheaper than Americans. As Messrs. Langley & Co. state, Indian Cotton is presently the cheapest in the world.

The net result is that the Indian cotton agriculturist at the very time when he markets his produce has lost about Rs. 40 per candy. Who is responsible for this loss?

The Option Dealer who does his business under the auspices of the E.I.C.A. is solely responsible for widening the parity and running the cotton agriculturist to ruin.

What the agriculturist has lost, somebody else has gained. That "somebody" is mainly the option dealer and partly the international gambler or the straddler. These people bought American cotton with a view to earn the party profits and sold Indian cotton on paper with a view to digest option premiums and earn larger profits. These huge sales on option account have actually impoverished the Indian ryot to the extent of several crores of rupees.

These gamblers dare not sell U.S. cotton for there is a Roosevelt to save the cotton agriculturist. In U.S.A. India being no man's land, these speculators can easily carry on their ways at the cost of the poor ryot. Cotton grown nowhere can be sold at Bombay on "Tilgani" paper.

Sir Purshottamdas deserves laurels from me for his solicitude and services to the city dweller. Here is an opportunity for him to serve the whole of India by stopping this gamble of monthly options which is ruining crores of cotton agriculturists.—Yours, etc., PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Boats For Sea-Customs Vigilance

KARAIKKAL, April 10. The Customs Department has been adopting measures to put down effectively smuggling of goods from French India to the British territories. As goods are at times smuggled, by sea, the department has engaged country boats for patrolling the coasts from Negapatam to Tranquebar. Two boats are now being used for this purpose and each is being used to carry a patrol party of six men.—United Press.

Official And Personal

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne received H. H. the Nawab of Palanpur at Government House on Saturday.

The Governor of Bombay inspected the St. John's Ambulance Brigade in the Elphinstone High School Compound, Cruckshank Road on Saturday.

'PARLE OVER-BRIDGE TANGLE'

Municipality's Reply To Collector's Letter

(From Our Correspondent.) ANDHERI, Sunday.

Having learnt that the Collector had threatened the Ville Parle Municipality with intervention under section 173 and 174 of the District Municipal Act and had called upon the Municipality to explain the position of the Municipality with regard to certain issues raised in the matter of a resolution adopted by the Municipality sometime ago for having two over-bridges at Ville Parle and maintaining both these bridges, a number of rate payers both from Ville Parle and Andheri had come to witness the course of to-day's debate by the Municipal Board. Mr. J. W. L. Gomer, Vice-President, occupied the chair.

While placing the Collector's letter for consideration before the Board Mr. Gomes said that before any action was taken by the Collector in view of the various representations received by him from the public, he wanted the Municipal Board to clarify the position and guide him on certain issues raised during the controversy.

Firstly the Collector wanted to know which was a more suitable site for an overbridge at Ville Parle, the corner of Ansari Road and Tejpal Road or the site of the present Railway Bridge; secondly, whether the Municipal finance permitted the maintenance of 2 bridges; thirdly if the resolution accepting the offer of Mr. Gopiram Harmukhlal of a donation for a bridge at the corner of Ansari Road and Tejpal Road was dependent upon the construction of a private market sanctioned to him under condition No. 3 and whether the Municipality had approached the Government for the sanction of a loan for having an overbridge on the original site as decided by it a couple of years before, and whether Mr. Gopiram Harmukhlal had accepted the terms and conditions laid down by the Municipality.

POINT OF ORDER. Mr. G. R. Desai pointed out that the resolution of February 1937 under which they had committed themselves to two over-bridges deserved to be first reconsidered before any action was taken by them on the Collector's letter, as a decision on every issue raised by the Collector would be dependent on that resolution.

The President ruled the point out of order and then called upon the Board to give its opinion on each of the issues.

During the course of the debate attempts were made by Mr. Desai, Mr. Shroff and Mr. Goughlath Bhatt to maintain the 'status quo' but the other section of the House was not prepared to agree to this and on two occasions when the voting resulted in a tie, the President cast his vote in their favour.

THE REPLY. The reply to the Collector's remarks would be that the site near the station was more suitable, that the Municipal funds would not permit the maintenance of 2 bridges, that an additional private market on the west in such a small town as Ville Parle would affect Municipal revenue and that the Municipality had already applied for a loan from Government for an overbridge as originally proposed, but the matter was still awaiting disposal by the Government.

In regard to the last point, if the terms of the Municipality were accepted by the donor specifically, two letters received from the legal advisors of the donor were placed before the Board and the whole correspondence with the full history of the case was referred to the Collector.

The overbridge controversy is thus shelved until a decision is given by the Collector, and in the meantime the Railway authorities have been requested not to proceed with the work.

HOSPITAL AT ANDHERI. Earlier in the day the Board considered further stages in the negotiations at present proceeding between the Surgeon General, the District Local Board and the Municipality in regard to the proposed Civil Hospital at Andheri and decided that the President be given full authority to carry on negotiations in the matter on condition that the proposed Civil Hospital and Dispensary will be run under the guidance and control of the Municipality, and that the District Local Board, the Government and the Ville Parle Municipality would all contribute equally to the maintenance of the said hospital but that the Municipality shall not be called upon to contribute more than Rs. 4,500 per annum.

A communication received from the Collector asking the Municipality to reconsider its decision regarding the distribution of seats between Andheri and Ville Parle and to so arrange the wards between the districts so as to eliminate the struggle at present witnessed between the Andheri and Ville Parle group was considered and the Municipality resolved to stick to its last resolution under which it has decided to reserve nine seats for Ville Parle and 7 seats for Andheri; three Andheri members voting against the resolution.

"To Them I Issue This Warning"

Aligarh Pro-Vice-Chancellor Asks Nationalists To Leave University

(From Our Special Correspondent.) NEW DELHI, April 10.

"The Nationalist-minded students have been a source of constant trouble during my regime, to them I issue this warning that there are sixteen other Universities in India for them to go. Aligarh has no place for them. This is the university of Mussalmans, built by Muslim money, and the spirit of Radicalism can in no case be tolerated," thus declared Professor A. B. A. Haleem, the Pro-Vice-Chancellor of the Aligarh Muslim University, while addressing the students who are appearing in the various university examinations. The speech has created great resentment among the students as well as the nationalist "old boys" in Delhi.

He further remarked that Dr. Ziauddin, the Vice-Chancellor of the University, had been elected by the representatives of the Muslim community, and he represents the views of the Mussalmans of India. The students of the Aligarh University will have to be guided by the policy adopted by the authorities and those who find themselves in disagreement with it can very well find another place of refuge. He also asked the students, when they went to their homes during the vacations, to remove the many misunderstandings which have arisen on account of many undesirable activities, like the stay-in-strike by the students on account of which the University had to be closed for about a month, during the last session. He hoped that the students would include many others to flock to their 'ulma mater' when the University opens after the summer vacations.

THE DISTINGUISHED ONES! In conclusion he advised the students to imbibe the spirit of some of the "distinguished" Old Boys, like Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and Sir Ahmed Said Khan of Chhatari who have the reins of the governments of two of the most important provinces of India, and who attained this eminence by a policy of conciliation rather than being a slave of extremism and sensationalism.

A distinguished nationally-minded old boy of the Aligarh University who was interviewed by me in this connection remarked: "Aligarh has recently been dominated by reactionaries but I am sure Professor Haleem would have thought twice before issuing this ultimatum if the Congress had accepted ministry in U. P."

LAND PROBLEM IN CANTONMENTS

Deputation Waits On Tottenham

NEW DELHI, April 10.

A deputation of the All-India Cantonments Association, consisting of Mr. Jamshed Mehta, Mayor of Karachi, Rai Sahab Onkar Pershad of Lahore Cantonment, Mr. Alibhoy, Mr. Hallimjee of Rawalpindi, Mr. Rahmatullah Khan of Lahore and Dalhousie, Mr. S. Esmailji of Deoli and Mr. Kedar Nath, Honorary Secretary of the Association, waited upon Mr. G. R. F. Tottenham, Defence Secretary to Government of India, in his room in the Imperial Secretariat, yesterday morning. Col. Pelsaert, Director of Lands and Cantonments, was also present on the occasion.

Mr. Tottenham gave a sympathetic hearing to the deputation. The discussion centred round the perpetual lease form and disposal of land at Karachi. The draft lease form was amended. It is expected that the Government will soon issue the new lease form as agreed.

The deputation then discussed other resolutions of the Karachi Conference with the Director of Cantonments, who promised to consider them sympathetically and issue necessary instructions.—United Press.

British Postal Expert For Hyderabad

(From Our Correspondent.) HYDERABAD, (Dn.) April 11.

It is learnt that the Hyderabad State, have decided to invite an expert from London, British Post Office to improve existing Hyderabad State telephone system.

There are two alternative schemes to link Hyderabad with other cities.

If Hyderabad is connected with Ezwad on one side and Wadi on other it would enable a people of Hyderabad State to talk with British Indian centres as well as foreign countries.

Railway Motor Service

NEW DELHI, April 10.

The Governor General in Council, after consultation with the local Government, has sanctioned the following scheme:—

The running of a road-motor service between Delhi-Shahdara railway stations and a Goods Office in Delhi City, to be operated by the Shahdara-Saharanpur Light Railway Company for the carriage of goods booked for transport from Delhi City to stations on the Shahdara-Saharanpur Light Railway and vice versa at such rates as may be approved from time to time by the Railway Board.—United Press.

stick to its last resolution under which it has decided to reserve nine seats for Ville Parle and 7 seats for Andheri; three Andheri members voting against the resolution.

WORKING CLASS IS INVINCIBLE

Kamala Devi Asks Ceylon Workers To Join In World-Wide Struggle

(From Our Own Correspondent.) TRIMCOMALI, April 6.

Mrs. Kamaladevi and party arrived here this noon by car from Kandy. She addressed a mass meeting of the workers employed in the construction of Naval Base the same evening on the sea shore. She spoke on the "workers' struggle for power".

The workers of the world were realising, said Mrs. Kamaladevi, that without political power in the hands of the masses, there was no hope of deliverance for them. Therefore, in the struggles that are witnessed all over the world the working-class played an important role. They had become a matter of life and death to the toilers. Being the most conscious, the industrial workers stood in the vanguard. It was no longer a struggle for mere concession, but one for the capture of State power.

For success in the struggle it was essential to develop powerful mass organisation. No power on earth could resist the consolidated strength of the toilers as the brave workers of Spain, ill-armed and ill-trained, defied some of the best armed and best trained forces in Europe. She therefore, asked the workers to organise themselves and ill-treated, defied some of the big class all over the world. Their future, said the speaker, was in their own hands.

Mrs. Kamaladevi was given a tremendous ovation when she concluded her speech.

CONVICTED OF SEDITION CHARGE

Six Months For Advocacy Of Wrecking Reforms

RANGOON, April 10.

Thakin Tun Oke, Secretary of the Dobama (Burma for the Burmans) Association has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each, on charges of sedition and promoting class hatred, the sentences to run concurrently.

The accused is alleged to have delivered a seditious speech at a meeting in Rangoon on December 12, 1936, when he advocated the wrecking of the new Constitution.—A. P.

A. I. Digambar Jain Parishad

(From A Correspondent.) SATNA, April 11.

The annual session of the All-India Digambar Jain Parishad is being held at Satna this year and about 2,000 delegates from all parts of India have assembled. The President-elect, Mr. Lalchand, Advocate of Rohtak, and Shrimati Lakhamati ex-M.L.C. of Ambala, President-elect of the Jain Mahila Conference were warmly received and garlanded.

The President was taken in a procession.

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Greater Triumph For Congress Ahead

Gandhiji Demanded A Mere Change Of Heart, Says "C. R."

NELLORE, April 10. "The assurance that the Congress demanded and which was rejected will be the bow that would shoot every vote into their ballot box and the aim will be straight and true this time. "We will not be contending against this party or that, but against Lord Zetland," declared Mr. Rajagopalachari addressing a huge gathering at Nellore.

"The British Government will not dare to face such an election as this," he continued and asked "Don't you hunger to see such a glorious fight? Do you want us to surrender and accept office? If you are sportsmen you won't ask us to do it."

Severely criticising Lord Zetland's House of Lords speech Mr. Rajagopalachari interpreted the speech as meaning that the Secretary of State must continue to govern this country despite provincial autonomy.

"EMPTY FARCE" Referring to the safeguards Mr. Rajagopalachari said that the Government had rendered self-government an empty farce. The speaker justified the demand for the

assurance asked for by the Congress and recalled that Gandhiji had made it clear that no change of the law was demanded, but only a change of heart.

Mr. Rajagopalachari paid a tribute to Gandhiji's leadership and said: "We are demanding the assurance under the lead of a leader, who knows what to do and at the right time and whose judgment has been unerring."

The irresistible force of time, Mr. Rajagopalachari added, had made the British Government create a three crores electorate and these three crores could not be bottled up.

The next elections he asserted would be a greater triumph for the Congress.—A.P.

PARALLEL LEGISLATURE FORMATION PLANS

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, April 10. After eight hours' strenuous discussions, the Council of the J. P. Congress Committee passed two lengthy resolutions to-night.

One resolution expressed its opinion on political situation as it has recently developed and the other made a recommendation to the Congress Working Committee for adoption of a uniform policy in provinces where Congress obtained majority in the legislatures.

The first resolution expressed disapproval of Government's policy towards Congress while the other laid down certain line of action to be followed by Congress legislators with a view to implementing Working Committee's resolutions and election manifesto.

The resolution envisages bitter constitutional struggle and formation of parallel legislatures if need be, along with the organisation of masses and electorate, election of speakers, deputy speakers, ministers, etc., from Congress parties.

Questioned how they will enforce their resolutions, if they tried to set up parallel legislatures, a member of the Council stated, let us see developments. We are elected representatives of the people and we constitute the legislatures, stated Mr. M. N. Roy and Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, who took prominent part in drafting the resolution of future policy. (Earlier report on page 12.)

PERIOD OF SUSPENSE OVER

Zetland Definitely Banged The Door, Says Pant

ALLAHABAD, April 10. In the course of a lengthy press interview Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant referring to Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Commons said:—

"There is no room left now for any conference constitutional or informal nor for any meeting between the Congress leaders and the official spokesmen. Lord Zetland has definitely banged the door. I am neither sorry nor surprised. The period of suspense is over."

Continuing he said:— "The Congress knows its mind well and also the course that it should follow. It is immaterial as to what Lord Zetland or any other chooses to do or omit to do. I only deplore even on this occasion there is a veiled attempt to provoke communal jealousies reminding us of the discredited game of 'divide and rule.'—United Press.

"NO CHANCE OF CHANGE OF POLICY"

"Leader" On Zetland's Attitude Of Stiff Correctitude

ALLAHABAD, April 10. Commenting on Lord Zetland's pronouncement, the "Leader" says: "Lord Zetland's attitude of 'stiff correctitude', to quote the words of Lord Snell, is not likely to induce Congressmen to reconsider their attitude. We do not think that even if he had spoken less plainly it would have affected the position. The statement of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who virtually controls the Congress policy, is evidence of the unbending attitude of the Congress."

It continues that "so far as we can judge from the existing position, there is not the ghost of a change of the policy of the minority government, however seemingly progressive it may be, meeting with the approval of the legislatures. Lord Zetland did not say what will happen if the Congress refuses to accept the responsibility of office after turning out the minority ministries."

"The position in the country is a serious one and we very much regret that Lord Zetland's statement does not show that the gravity of it is being realised by the British Government."

SAPRU'S "NO" Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is not inclined to comment on Lord Zetland's speech.

Questioned as to the possibility of once again bringing together the Congress and the Government for further negotiations, he said: "The situation is not hopeful"—A. P.

"CONGRESS TO BLAME FOR DEADLOCK"

"Take It Or Leave" Policy Bound To Fail

LUCKNOW, April 10. In an editorial on Lord Zetland's speech, the "Pioneer" says that

to those who have been looking for a lead out of the present impasse, the speech is not encouraging. The paper has no doubt whatsoever, that Lord Zetland is right in maintaining, as they themselves have maintained, from the beginning, that the Governors could not contract out of their statutory obligations, and that the Congress insisting that they should do so, is to blame for the deadlocks. But it is not sufficient for statesmen to be right. The Secretary of State must be even more anxious than anyone else, that the Constitution shall function in the fullest sense. He cannot contemplate with difference, still less with satisfaction, the prospect of a complete breakdown and a resort to personal rule in the six provinces in the six months of its inception. The paper adds that the "take it or leave it" tone of the concluding paragraphs of the speech, which alone have a hint of constructive suggestion, and the somewhat slighting reference to Mr. Gandhiji are hardly likely to achieve what we (the paper) presume to be their object.—A. P.

HUMAN FACTOR IGNORED

"Amrit Bazar" On Zetland's Speech

CALCUTTA, April 10. Under the caption "The Lords At It" the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" says: "If Lord Zetland's purpose in raising an Indian debate in the House of Lords was to aggravate a situation already serious he has eminently succeeded in doing so. The opportunity was utilised by Lord Zetland to assume the role of the high and mighty, giving expression to ideas and words that will serve not to pour oil over troubled waters but to bring it home to the Congress that though it may have been victorious at the polls, the power rested with the British and they were most unwilling to part with it."

The paper continues that the Secretary of State had banged the door of negotiations for a settlement. He failed to take into consideration the human factor in the request of the Congress that

the Governors should not interfere with the constitutional activities of Ministers.

The paper concludes that Congress shares the relief of all the country that Provincial Autonomy was not genuine and unworkable in the spirit in which the British Constitution worked, despite the immense powers reserved for the Crown.—A. P.

Little Minds And Great Ideas

CALCUTTA, April 10. "Little minds and great ideas go ill together and while Lord Zetland talks of great ideas, he betrays the littleness of his mind", says the "Advance".

The paper adds that Lord Zetland is in a challenging mood and very much mistaken if he thinks Congress is not in a position to accept it.

It continues that "To be forewarned, they say, is to be forearmed and is the Secretary of State", the paper queries absolutely sure he has been adequately forewarned against the consequences of his ill-advised and thoughtless action?—A. P.

BRITISH STATESMEN FAILED

CALCUTTA, April 10. The "Basumati" says that it is a pity that British statesmen failed to make the most of an extraordinary opportunity, for which they will have to be sorry later. Indians have no cause for lamenting.

"The Ananda Bazar Patrika" criticises in strong terms Lord Zetland's "uncourteous" references to the Congress and Gandhiji and likes to remind Lord Zetland that the aspirations of Nationalist India are not confined to the 1935 Act. Therefore it is immaterial if any compromise is made on that Act.—A. P.

CEMENTED CONGRESS LEFT AND RIGHT

KARACHI, April 10. While the English organs in Karachi have not commented on

Lord Zetland's statement, Nationalist and Congress newspapers, both English and vernacular, express disappointment at it, holding that it bolts the door to conciliation.

"The Sind Observer" observes that if anybody thinks that on account of this statement the Congress will come down with a petition for mercy and admission into the Cabinet and Legislatures he is sadly mistaken. Lord Zetland has cemented the bonds which were slowly slackening between the Right and Left Wings of the Congress. He has thrown Gandhiji who has been maintaining a position of political detachment, completely into the hands of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

"The Hindu", a Congress organ, characterises the statement as most challenging and adds that it is calculating to trample under foot the progressive and advanced opinion in the country.—A. P.

'CONGRESS DECLINES TO BE BULLIED'

PATNA, April 10. "The most unfortunate factor of the affair, however, is that the entire text of Lord Zetland's statement inheres a fundamentally legislative approach, and not a statesman's approach to the problem," says the "Indian Nation" commenting on Lord Zetland's statement. The paper pleads for an expeditious move for a clarification of the situation which in its opinion, is possible only by a heart-to-heart talk between Gandhiji and the Viceroy.

The "Searchlight" says if Lord Zetland has no use for the proposed spirit and psychology of reforms, Congressmen will not be in tears, never having had faith either in British "bonafides" or goodwill. They declined to be bullied as a matter of fact Lord Zetland played in their hands with surprising clarity and proved their thesis more eloquently than they themselves could have done. That the Constitution is an outrageous affront and there is no escaping from the rigged and dreary course that leads to freedom.—A. P.

STOPPING COMMUNAL RIVALRY

Amritsar City Fathers Enter Into Pact

AMRITSAR, April 10. The members of the Amritsar Municipal Committee have signed a pact to the effect that henceforth every community, namely Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs, shall have by rotation one member of each community as President for one year. It was further decided that when a member of one community was elected President, the two vice-presidents should be elected from the other communities.

After the pact was signed, the Municipal Committee at a meeting passed a resolution confirming the agreement and requesting the Government to amend the Municipal Act in order to limit the President's term of office from three years to one.

The signatories, while solemnly binding themselves promised to make an earnest endeavour to induce the future members to honour the priority of community to be decided by ballot.—A. P. I.

TO REPLACE

"OTTAWA"

RANGOON, April 10.

A communique states:— In order to assist the Government of Burma in formulating its views on the proposals put forward by the United Kingdom and on the proposals to be put forward on behalf of Burma in pursuance of the negotiations to replace the Ottawa Agreement which are expected to take place in London within the next few months, it was decided to call into consultation the following gentlemen, representatives of the commercial community in Burma:—

Ahmed Ebrahim, Mr. J. R. Fairley, U Hla Pe, Mr. M. G. Kapadia, Mr. J. Tait and Dr. Thein Maung. These gentlemen have agreed to act in consultative capacity and discussions with them are in progress.—United Press.

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SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS
Bombay, April 10
P and O ss Strathnaver of 13395 reg tons, Captain E. P. Lyndon arrived from Brisbane via Auckland, Wellington, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, Fremantle and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.
B I S N ss Gambhir of 3196 reg tons, Captain K. G. Moe arrived from Rangoon with passengers, rice, timber and general cargo.
B I S N ss Varella of 1926 reg tons, Captain A. Danbrook, arrived from Basrah via Khoramshahr, Bushire and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.
L Edwards ss Tampa of 3703 reg tons, Captain J. Dixon arrived from Philadelphia via New York, Portland, Djibouti, Aden and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.
Volksort Bros ss Kota Agong of 4618 reg tons, Captain J. Hamersma arrived from Vancouver via Batavia, Singapore, Madras and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES
Volksort Bros ss Silvermist of 2638 reg tons, Captain J. Hamersma sailed for Calcutta via the water ballast.
P and O ss Strathnaver of 13395 reg tons, Captain E. P. Lyndon sailed for Marseilles and London via Aden, with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.
N Y Kaisha ss Auyo Maru of 5741 reg tons, Captain H. Taguchi sailed for Kobe via Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong with passengers and local cargo.
L Triestino ss Caboto of 3147 reg tons, Captain L. Mancusi sailed for Basra via Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.
Volksort Bros ss Kota Agong of 4618 reg tons, Captain J. Hamersma sailed for Dubai, Bushire and Basra with passengers and same bottom cargo.
T Morrison ss Alavi of 2161 reg tons, Captain E. L. Gibbons sailed for Jeddah via Bhavnagar, Karachi, Aden and Red Sea Ports with passengers and local cargo.
B I S N ss Gazana of 3191 reg tons, Captain E. G. Moe sailed for Rangoon via Mangalore and Colombo with local cargo.
T Morrison ss Islami of 3617 reg tons, Captain T. R. Dow sailed for Calcutta in water ballast.

Vessels in Docks
Bombay, April 10
ALEXANDRA DOCK
1 Rinda 3821 Calcutta 10-4 L Edwards
2 Caboto 3147 Karachi 10-4 L Triestino
3 Tampa 3703 Colombo 14-4 L Edwards
5 Kota Agong 4601 Muscat 11-4 Volksort Bros.
9 Kaiser-Hind 6014 U Kingdom 1-5 M M
Jettly End J Silvermist 2637 Colombo 15-4 Volksort Bros.
11 Innesmoor 2649 Karachi 14-4 Grahams Trading
12 City of Barcelona 3524 Karachi N F K Nixon
13 H T Neuralla 2624 Southampton 12-4 P Sea T. Officer.
14 Karanja 4648 Durban 14-4 M M
15 Durenda 4550 Antwerp 15-4 M M
16 Anyo Maru 5739 Yokohama 10-4 N Y Kaisha
17 Naples Maru 4225 Kobe 14-4 O S K

VICTORIA DOCK
10-11 Tajin Maru 3654 Karachi 12-4 O S Kaisha
PRINCES DOCK
B Gazana 3191 Rangoon 16-4 M M
C/R Nawab 2424 Calcutta 14-4 T Morrison.
D/E Alavi 2161 Jeddah 10-4 T Morrison
K Sonavati 344 N F, N F, B & N
FROM LONDON
Rawalpindi 15-4-47 P & O
Strathmore 22-4-37 P and O
Corfu 28-4-37 P and O
Chitra 5-5-37 P and O
Bangalore 25-4 M M
Vicory of India 13-5 P and O
Maljo 20-5 P and O
FROM LIVERPOOL
Clan Mcbrayne 12-4-37 James Finlay
Clan Macinnes 13-4-37 J Finlay
City of Hongkong 17-4-37 K N
FROM HAMBURG
Wolfsburg 18-4 L Edwards
Nijkerk 22-4 L Edwards
Trenfels 29-4 L Edwards
Lindenfels 12-4-37 L Edwards
FROM NEW YORK
Pres Adams 17-4-37 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 22-4-37 F F Campbell
Tampa 10-4-37 Edward
City of Norwich 15-4-37 F F Campbell
Atlanta City 20-4-37 M M
FROM OSLO
Tungsha 23-4 L Edwards
FROM TRIESTE
Volpi 15-4-37 L Triestino
Conte Verde 21-4 L Triestino
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Toya Maru 15-4-37 N Y K
Celebes Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Ranchi 16-4-37 P and O
Alipore 16-4-37 P and O
Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino
Jayore 12-4-37 P and O
Kidderpore 26-4 P and O
Fukuyama Maru 26-4 O S K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 18-4 N Y K
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K
FROM SYDNEY
Comorin 24-4 P and O
FROM BASRA
Varsova 24-4 M M
Bamora 22-4 M M and Co
Bandra 15-4-37 M M
Vasna 17-4 M M
FROM DUBAI
Takiwa 17-4-37 M M
FROM KARACHI
Frautels 12-4 L Edwards
Vita 14-37 M M
FROM BASSEIN
Jalarayan 14-4-37 S S N
Jalaratna 14-4-37 S S N
Jaladuti 17-4-37 S S N
FROM RANGOON
Ozarda 17-4 M M
Garbeta 12-4 M M and Co
Cranfield 13-4-37 M M
Golpara 15-4 M M
Naringa 21-4-37 M M
FROM CALCUTTA
Gurna 15-4 M M
FROM AKYAB
Garmula 19-4 M M
FROM KARACHI
Vita 15-4 M M
SAILING DATES
FOR LONDON
Durenda 14-4 M M

Ranchi 17-4-37 P & O
Strathmore 22-4-37 P & O
Comorin 24-3-37 P & O
FOR LIVERPOOL
Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Venice 19-4-37 Killick
FOR HAMBURG
Trenfels 22-4-37 L Edwards
FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 22-4 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino
FOR GENOA
Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino
FOR NEW YORK
Harrison 30-4-37 F F Campbell
City of Norwich 17-4 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 24-4 F F Campbell
Silveray 15-4-37 Vol Bros
Adams 18-4-37 F F Campbell
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Hawapipi 15-4-37 P and O
Joyama Maru 18-4-37 N Y K
Naples Maru 12-4-37 O S K
Fajin Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Borneo Maru 10-4-37 O S K
Conte Biancamano 22-4 L Triestino
FOR BASRA
Barcoo 14-4-37 M M
Varella 15-4-37 M M
FOR DUBAI
Takiwa 28-4-37 M M
Karanja 14-4-37 M M
FOR CALCUTTA
Nawab 14-4 T Morrison
FOR KARACHI
Vita 1-4-37 M M
Lindenfels 15-4-37 L Edwards
Wolfsburg 23-4-37 L Edwards
Toya Maru 24-3-37 N Y K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 21-4-37 N Y K
GENERAL LANDING DATES
S S Karanja 8-4-37
S S Rinda 9-4-37
S S Kalavati 9-4-37

EXPORTS
S S Kaiser-Hind for London: 70 tons manganese ore J Finlay.
S S Tajin Maru for Kobe: 55 tons iron scrap M & Abdullahi; 500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.
S S Innesmoor for Liverpool: 103 dms castor oil A Hargovindas; 50 drums castor oil Gujarat Oil Mill; 75 bales wool raw M Domesse; 35 bales wool raw B Harbarm; 40 bales wool aw The Bombay Company; 775 bales wool raw E Wool Trading Co; 25 bales goat hair C Lister; 40 bales wool raw G Lister.
For Manchester: 150 drums castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill; 100 bales cotton waste Thakoras.
S S Anyo Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 100 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.
S S Durenda for Gdynia: 55 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.
For Suez: 40 bales cotton c p goods D V Thaker.
For Ghent: 29 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.
For Havre: 13 nos rosewood round legs E Medy; 720 bales cotton raw Volksort Bros.
S S Naples Maru for Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 300 bales raw cotton Kotak.
For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw Volksort Bros.
For Hongkong: 100 bags gum olibanum B Govindji.

IMPORTS
S S M/V Leverbank, Agents F F Campbell and Co from New York: 20 parts rubber dough; 127 cases auto parts; 14 crates auto parts, 185 kits enamel; 38 boxes medical solutions; 3 cases advertising matter; 22 d autos; 72 cases typewriters; 21 cases motor car spares and accessories; 11 cases powdered milk; 195 bales cotton; 18 cases shot gun shells; 2 packages K D truck chain; 12 packages K D truck chain; 16 cartons corn flakes; 24 pkgs shampoo; 17 packages hair lotion; 46 packages harmless medicine; 23 cartons toilet paste 5524 cases automobile parts; 191 boxes elect fans; 15 cases tools; 11 cases files; 134 pneumatic auto tyres; 11 ctrs tyre inner tubes; 28 cases cigarettes; 228 bales secondhand clothing; 72 bales old clothing; 20 cases quaker parts; 18 cases printing paper; 15 cases automobile grease; 50 cases radios; 6 cases dental cream; 73 cases dry storage batteries; 15 drums lubricating grease; 63 cases machine tool; 38 cases files; 105 drums lubricating oil; 15 packages sulphur bitters; 4 bres advertising material; 8 boxes electric fans; 16 bundles globes for hurricane lanterns; 23 cases medicine N/N; 43 bundles auto springs; 33 drums wax; 10 cases steel fitting cabinets; 8 cases bolts and nuts; 13 boxes unfinished religious calendars; 17 cases lithographic stones; 11 cases to contain 12 motor (completely disassembled); 138 'se auto tyres; 7 cases elec tools; 9 cases mec tools; 22 bales rubber solid tyres; 26 cases brooms paper; 20 kegs wire nails; 15 cases elect machinery; 15 bds flash-light cells (28 bxs); 3 cases clocks; 17 cases files; 25 cases motion pictures and accessories; 200 bales old newspaper; 18 cases raw stock film (deck) 67 brls dyestuff; 88 drs dyestuff; 16 boxes radios and parts; 22 cases refrigerated parts; 30 drs caustic soda; 19 cases iron pump and parts; 16 boxes kerosene oil stoves parts; 25 cases 'dies batteries; 149 lbs rubber tubes; 50 cases ameyce beef; 205 cases quaker oats; 65 cases tomato ketchup sauce; 60 crates porcelain insulators; 87 crates wall boards; 15 bds 30 cases sardines; 26 cases sardines; 10 bundles 50 cases sardines.
From Alexandria: 832 cases cotton.
From Port Said: 25 cases oranges; 25 cases grape fruit; 100 cases fruit juice.
From St. John: 294 packages containing 61 trunk chassis; 25 packages containing motor car bodies; 104 packages containing 24 motor car bodies; 33 bds auto parts.

AHMEDABAD SHARES
Ahmedabad, April 10
Ashok Rs. 222
Aryodaya Spinning Rs. 212-3
Calico Rs. 569-6
Gujarat cotton Rs. 30
Jubli Rs. 176-14
Marudan Rs. 80
Motilal Hirabhai Rs. 57-3
Monogram Rs. 53-12
Rajanager Rs. 325

OPPORTUNITY FOR SERVICE

Congress Must Reconsider Office Question, Says Sir Shafat Ahmad

ALLAHABAD, April 10.
Interviewed by the Associated Press Sir Shafat Ahmad Khan said that Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords was an authoritative interpretation of the constitution and it disposed of the explanations and commentaries with which we have been provided during the last fortnight. It is now clear that the Congress leaders bungled the situation and completely missed their opportunity.
There is, however, no reason why Congress should reconsider its attitude at this stage and resume negotiations at the point at which they had been broken. The opportunity to Congress for service, even under the Constitution as authoritatively explained by Lord Zetland, was great and Sir Shafat Ahmad Khan hoped that the Congress would reconsider its policy.—A. P. I.

DELHI UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION

350 Students Receive Degrees

NEW DELHI, April 10.
The fifteenth convocation of the Delhi University was held this afternoon at the old Assembly Hall, Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad, Pro-Chancellor, presiding. About 350 students, including 20 girls, received degrees.—A.P.

THAKORE OF RAJKOT FLIES TO LONDON

From Our Correspondent, KARACHI, April 10.
Though other ruling heads including the Maharajas of Bikaner and Dharbanga had left earlier by steamer for London, the Thakore Sahib of Rajkot will be the first Indian Ruler to see London in all her splendour decked for coronation. The Thakore Sahib arrived here last evening in a specially chartered plane, which flew (at 8 this morning) by the KLM plane for London accompanied by his A.D.C.s.

Interviewed the Thakore Sahib said he expected to be in London for one month, staying at St. James Court. Thereafter he will tour Europe and America returning home after six months. This is his third trip westward all of which were done by air.

Lesson In Chastity

From Frontier GLIMPSES INTO GANDHI-KHAN SAHEB TALKS

Writing under the caption "Wonderful If True" Gandhiji says in the latest issue of "Harijan".
During our morning and evening walks, Khansahab Abdul Gaffar Khan and I often talk on matters of common interest. Having travelled in the frontier territories as far as Kabul, and beyond, and knowing the frontier tribes well, he often describes to me the habits and customs of these simple folk. He tells me that these tribesmen who are untouched by the so-called civilization live principally on maize and barley bread and lentils supplemented at times by buttermilk. They get meat but rarely. The only way I could account for their well-known hardiness was their open air life and invigorating climate. Khansahab promptly added, "That is not enough. The secret of their strength lies in their chaste lives. They marry, both men and women, after full maturity. Unfaithfulness, adultery or unmarried love are practically unknown. Union out of wedlock is punishable by death. The injured party has the right to take the life of the wrong-doer."

NO FALSE PRUDERY.

If this chastity is so universal as Khansahab describes it, it furnishes us in India a lesson that we should take to heart. I suggested to Khansahab that if the fine physique of the tribesmen was largely due to their continence, there must be perfect co-operation between the mind and the body. For if the mind hankered after satisfaction of the flesh and the body resisted, there must be tremendous waste of vital energy leaving the body thoroughly exhausted. Khansahab agreed that that was a fair deduction and that, so far as he was able to judge, he felt that the tribesmen were so habituated to continence outside marriage that young men and women never seemed to desire

THUNDERSTORMS IN U. P. AND PUNJAB

Western Disturbance Passes Away

POONA, April 11.
Yesterday's western disturbance has passed away across the Western Himalayas after causing scattered dust or thunderstorms in Rajputana, west United Provinces, the Punjab and Kashmir.
A fresh western disturbance is approaching the Northwest Frontier. Thunderstorms have been widespread in the peninsula. West Central Provinces and Central India and occurred locally in East United Provinces, Chota Nagpur, Bengal and Assam.
Observations from Burma are lacking.
Temperatures have been markedly below normal in the Deccan, Central Provinces, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and east north Punjab.
Chief amounts of rainfall are: Hyderabad (Deccan) three-quarters of an inch; Mukteswar, Raichur and Cuddapah half each; Shillong, Bhopal, Farhanli, Madura and Trichinopoly a quarter each.
Forecast:—Thunderstorms may occur locally along and near the Western Himalayas, in the plains of the United Provinces, the central parts of the country, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, Assam and the Peninsula and at a few stations in Bengal and Bihar. Scattered dust or thunderstorms may also occur along the northwest Frontier and in east Rajputana.—(A.P.I.)

GANDHI SEVA SANGH MEETS ON FRIDAY

BELGAUM (By Mail).
The annual meeting of Gandhi Seva Sangh will be held at Hudli near Belgaum and native village of Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande, on 16th instant and will continue for 3 days and will be attended by almost all its members including Mahatma Gandhi. Messrs. Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Abdul Gaffar Khan, Shankarrao Deo, Mr. B. G. Kher and others.
On 19th there will be no programme as it is day of silence. Public meetings will be held on 20th and 21st and 22nd.
M.S.M. Railway authorities are co-operating with the workers of the meeting as they have agreed to stop all the railway passenger trains at Sudhal (Belgaum station) one mile from Hudli during the week of the meeting for the convenience of the public.—A. P.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from page 6.)
The agreement was of the most "gentlemanly" character, amounting to a mutual understanding, nothing more or less, and (c) basic idea behind all this was from the British point of view to make easier the task of drawing Italy on the side of France and this country, in the event of any hostilities with Germany.
As the result of this agreement, it is stated that the big influx of Italian troops, responsible for, among other things, the fall of Maaga, was rendered possible. Immediately after this, I am told the most influential section of British official opinion, believing that the end of the Spanish trouble was "round the corner" and that the time was not far removed when, "this Peninsula affair" over, Britain could get down to the job of really consolidating her relations with Italy. It was for this reason that, although informed of the exact number of foreign troops in Spain, together with the British Foreign Office consistently turned a blind eye to the Notes and judges given to it by the Spanish Government.

That the Spanish Government, confronted with such tremendous difficulties, was able to create the new People's Army in the space of time it did, and that this new Army, together with the International Brigade, would prove far too formidable a force for the Italian troops and Blackshirt divisions, were factors entering into the situation which the British Government might be excused for failing to anticipate. However, this may be, it is just this creation of the new Spanish Army and the series of Italian routs that have taken place, the situation and caused not a little concern in certain circles.

The news received this week that the reorganisation of the Spanish Government Navy is almost complete is a further unforeseen development modifying the position. Nevertheless, it is argued, all these factors, even if taken together, were not sufficient for any change whatsoever in policy and are even, paradoxical as it may seem, considered as added grounds for continuing all the more deliberately the policy hitherto pursued. It is for this reason that, in spite of verbal acknowledgement that there may be some Italians in Spain, the Government persists in acting as if there were none at all. Such is the extent of this blindness that it has been suggested, with all seriousness we are told, that nothing short of the transhipment of all Italian prisoners taken by the Republican forces to this country will have any effect.

Tentative Suggestion

Not unrelated to this is the announcement made by an official Government spokesman that steps are to be taken to prevent any person or persons going to Spain who may return with reports inconsistent with what is called "the official view." Meanwhile, however, there is beginning to appear among certain circles in Britain, by no means opposed to dictatorship in principle, a body of opinion which argues that:

(a) There has been very little real success so far as the repeated attempts to win Mussolini's friendship are concerned. In any case, we have thoroughly bungled the carrying out of his side of the bargain not only in respect to Spain, but for that matter throughout the Mediterranean as a whole, causing as a result unnecessary embarrassment to the British Government; (c) he continues to acknowledge the primacy of the "Berlin-Rome axis", and finally (d) the war in Spain, Abyssinia was no test whatsoever has demonstrated now extremely low are the military efficiency and morale of his troops which would be, therefore, of less assistance in any possible conflict with Germany than even they were during Great War.

On these grounds then, the suggestion has been tentatively put forward that it might be in the interests of this country (Britain) if Mussolini were allowed to fall, to be replaced by some more democratic Government, which while having none of his major failings would possess decided advantages. While convinced that such an attitude will never have many adherents in this country, there is reason to feel however that it is necessary to record it, so that we may have as comprehensive a picture as possible of the present situation in Europe.

RESIGNATIONS FROM ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, April 10.
The Governor-General has accepted the resignations by the following of their office of Members of the Legislative Assembly:—
Maharaj Kumar Sir Vijaya Ananda Gajapatiraj, Moulvi Abdul Matin Chaudhury, Mr. K. L. Gauba, Mr. Basanta Kumar Das, Mr. J. F. Sale, Dr. Khan Sahib, Dr. N. B. Khare and Mr. Ghan-shyam Singh Gupta.—United Press.

Catholics Need Not Fear Jawahar's Socialism

A REJOINDER TO THE "EXAMINER"

Mr. F. M. Pinto, General Secretary, National Christian Party, has released the following to the Press:—
The "Examiner," the one-sided weekly of the Catholics since the middle of August, 1936, carried on an incessant tirade in its columns, against the Congress and the Congress Catholic candidates in particular.

A few days before the election, I sent a letter to the editor for publication in the "Examiner" stating my disagreement with the views expressed in respect of Congress and elections. This letter was given publicly with the comments of the Rev. Editor. Immediately I sent another letter in reply to his comments, published in the "Examiner" of the 27th February, which all now has not seen the light of the day. In the course of this I saw the Rev. Editor twice, but he persistently declined publication to the letter, for the obvious reason that he wants to avoid the issue.

Extracts from the letter which the "Examiner" refused to publish are given below:—
After what has been written in the "Examiner" for the past few months, classifying the Congress Catholic candidates and naturally their supporters, with "anti-God forces," it is really a cruel joke to say that the "Examiner" "abstained from taking sides on 'political' questions." We are constrained to ask which "interests of religion and morals" would have suffered, if the "Examiner's" slogan was: "Vote for Joachim Alva, C. J. Varkey and George Joseph" in stead of "Vote for Dr. Collaco."

JOINT ELECTORATES.
The fact that joint electorates with reservation of seats were accepted as the best, proves that separate electorates are not the best, therefore, to say that "there was no consideration of the question of separate electorates" is begging the question. Anyway, we had the example of the working of separate electorates in the elections just over. Each communal candidate canvassing support within the members of his own community, pledging himself, of course, to do his best to his own community as opposed to other communities and the larger interests of the country. Under a joint general electorate, we would have had not one vote but five or six votes each and Hindu, Mahomedan and Parsi candidates in addition to Christian, would have approached us for our support, and we would have had the pledges of all of them to do their best for us in conference with the Christian members that may have been returned to the Assembly. And

All India Wheat Contract

NEW DELHI, 12/4/37.
A meeting of representatives of the Indian Grain and Oilseeds trade and milling industry with the Central Marketing Staff was held on April 6 in Delhi under the presidency of Sir Bryce Burt, Vice Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

As a preliminary Mr. Livingstone, Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India, drew attention to the fact that the meeting was purely informal and that the whole object was to try and reach some agreement in regard to contract terms that might be of All-India currency in respect of linseed, groundnut and wheat. So far as wheat was concerned, a tentative agreement had been reached last year at a similar meeting and the representatives present on this occasion were expected to agree to terms for final adoption.

Mr. Livingstone made it clear that by standardisation it was hoped to get rid of the difficulty of comparing prices of a commodity in one market with the prices in another. In drawing up standard contracts it was essential to try to lower the percentage of refraction allowed in the contracts of certain chambers and associations. As was clear from the circulated papers, where high percentages of impurities were allowed the produce was generally much lower in quality than in cases where a contract permitted a smaller percentage of impurity.

PROVISIONAL CONTRACT.
As a result of discussion a provisional contract was drawn up for linseed and a close approximation obtained with regard to the final contract for wheat. The representatives of the various associations undertook to recom-

all this, without sacrificing a single Christian seat.

BETTER FOR MINORITIES

I am sure this will make it clear to anybody that joint electorates with reservation of seats is any day a better arrangement for a minority community, than separate electorates. Now it is for you to prove your original statement "that Catholics by voting for a Congress Catholic representative, are taking a deliberate step towards depriving themselves of the right to elect any Catholic representative" or to acknowledge that your statement was wrong.

While we see in probability of Congress going Communist, it is impossible for us to conceive of a Congress Government going Communist, and so we are quite certain that the mischief you imagine will not be done and there will be no question of Catholic M.L.A.'s resigning on that issue. You say "it is for voters to decide now far a vote for Congress means a vote for eventual Socialism." But you decided the issue for the voters long ago by declaring that "a vote or the Congress is a vote for anti-God forces," and this declaration of yours did the mischief of robbing Congress Catholic candidates much of their support.

NO NEED TO BE FRIGHTENED

Pandit Nehru has never spoken of detroning God, or of disturbing religion or a single man's conscience. So the Pandit's Socialism need not frighten anybody. Surely, we are not going to be scared by words. What the Pandit is trying his best to bring about is firstly, to redeem us from the shackles of a foreign power and lastly to raise the masses from their present utter degradation and desperation to the level of human beings morally, economically and physically. Of course, in this process it may be necessary to level down the immeasurable heaps of wealth and uncontrolled power of a few. A scheme like this does not warrant the cry of "Religion in danger."

We would rather have the Spanish imbroglio out of this controversy, but as you have mentioned "the religious war between Communism and Christianity," suffice it to say that the Congress sympathy with the people of Spain and their Constitutional Government is only political and has no religious bearing. Supposing the Government of United States sympathize with the Spanish Government, can we brand the former as anti-God or Communist? As for the "religious war," the Church's alliance with a rebellious and bloody sword not only does the greatest discredit, but is a clear negation of Christ's way of the cross.

mend the adoption of the proposed terms by their respective associations.

As regards the question of standardising the methods of sampling, it was agreed that the Central Staff should experiment with "Boma" and spoon and prepare a standard method for arriving at a representative sample for both wheat and linseed.

As regards the contract terms for groundnuts, it was agreed that the matter should be discussed later at a conference to be held at Bombay where the associations particularly concerned are located.

Consideration of suggestions regarding standard cases, tolerances and terms of contract for wheat as formulated at the Grain Conference 1936, with a view to adopting a uniform contract.

Question of adopting uniform methods of sampling and analysis of wheat.

Consideration of terms of existing linseed and groundnut contracts.

Question of adopting a standard basis and uniform terms of contract for (i) linseed and (ii) groundnut.

Methods of analysis and the possibilities of adopting a standard system for oilseeds.

Question whether Indian wheat can be made tenderable against Liverpool and/or London wheat contracts.

Lucknow.—A meeting of the All India Muslim League Parliamentary Board will be held at Lucknow on April 18. Mr. M. A. Jinnah will preside.—United Press.

A Rangoon mesa says Mr. A. Egger, Government Advocate, has been appointed Advocate General of Burma.—United Press.

U. P. Congress Plans To Enforce Cabinet Resignation

"Puppet Ministry", Fraud On Electorate & Outrage On Democracy

ALLAHABAD, April 11. The Council of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held to-day recommended to the Working Committee the following measures in order to enforce the verdict of the electorate and develop mass movement for asserting democratic right of self-determination:

(1) Congressmen elected to the Legislative Assembly should be directed to meet for declaring that since the legislatures derive their authority from the electorate, they are not only constitutionally competent but morally bound to act in defiance of the Government when they dare disregard the verdict of the majority as they have done;

(2) To organise demonstrations against puppet ministries and hold a mass meeting to demand immediate convocation of the Legislative Assembly;

(3) To invite other Opposition groups for joining Congressmen in the demand for immediate convocation of the Assembly;

(4) The Governor failing to comply with the demand of Congressmen elected to the Legislative Assembly, together with others who may join them, shall meet to elect the Speaker, who will declare the Legislature in session. The Majority of elected members having thus constituted themselves as the Legislative Assembly shall pass a vote of non-confidence in the ministry and demand its immediate resignation.

MAJORITY'S DEMAND Having done that the Assembly shall voice the demand of the majority of electorate by passing a resolution sponsoring legislation for

(a) Agrarian Reform (reduction of recent securing tenancy right etc.)

(b) Relieving peasantry and other labour classes from the burden of indebtedness

(c) Safeguarding the welfare of wage earners

(d) Relieving poor consumers from burden of taxation.

(e) Repeal of repressive laws and release of political prisoners

(f) Freedom of Press speech and Assembly

(g) Free Primary Education

(h) Greater expenditure on public sanitation and Medical Aid to the poor;

(i) To organise mass campaign

DEWAN BAHADUR JOINS CONGRESS

Reddi Renounces Title To Protest Against Mockery Ministry

MADRAS, April 10. Mr. M. K. Reddi writes to the press stating that he is renouncing his title and the decoration of Dewan Bahadur conferred on him by the Government, characterising them as "meaningless appendages".

In his letter he refers to his defeat and overwhelming success of the Congress in the recent elections. "He had given the matter his leisurely and weighty consideration before determining with all resoluteness to embrace the Congress".

The final factor which induced him to this decision was he says "the setting up of the mockery ministry against the will of the people and against parliamentary convention".—A. P.

Congress-Govt. Gulf And Dr. Subbarayan's Fears

MADRAS April 10. Dr. Subbarayan, Congress Party member, Madras Assembly, in a statement says:— "Unless a method can be found to bridge the gulf that now exists between the Congress and Govern-

ment I am afraid the relations between India and Britain are bound to undergo a change for the worse and a bitter struggle may well be in store.—A. P.

CARNIVALS ENCOURAGE GAMBLING

Prajamandal's Plea For Ban

(From Our Correspondent.)
VISHNAGAR, (By Mail).

At the resumed meeting of the fourteenth session of Baroda State Prajamandal, held here, under the presidency of Sjt. Pranlal Munshi, the Mandal urged to prohibit all carnivals in all parts of State as they encourage gambling under the guise of amusements, expressed regret at the policy adopted by the Government in interfering with Prajamandal activities regarding land revenue enquiry, and to revise the present rate of income-tax from Rs. 750 to Rs. 1,500 and to change the present cumbersome position of inquiry.

The following office-bearers were elected: General Secretary—Mr. Churnilal Shah; Joint Secretaries—Mr. Shivprasad Thakur and Mr. Maganbhai Shankerbhai. The next session will be held in Baroda District.

MUSLIMS MUST JOIN CONGRESS

United Provinces To Give Lead

LUCKNOW, April 10. It is understood that the first conference of the Muslims of the United Provinces supporting the Congress will be held at Allahabad on May 8 and 9. All Muslims enrolled as primary members of the Congress will participate. Maulvi Bashmuddin of Etawah will preside.—United Press.

KHALIQUZZAMAN SEES JAWAHAR

LUCKNOW, April 10. Chaudhari Khaliquzzaman paid a visit to Allahabad yesterday and it is understood to have seen Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in connection with the Congress programme of Muslim mass contact. Chaudhari Khaliquzzaman returned to Lucknow this morning.—United Press.

Leaders Hawk Khadi At Patna

PATNA, April 9. "National Week" is being observed here as well as in other parts of the Province since April 6. At Patna, Babu Mathura Prasad, Ganga Saran Singh, Awadeshwar Prasad and several other Congressmen are engaged in hawking 'khadi' from door to door, while other Congressmen and volunteers are busy with enrolling new members for the Congress.—United Press.

Peasant "Sabha" At Yavat

(From A Correspondent.)
YAVAT STATION, (Dist. Poona).

On Sunday last a crowded meeting of peasants was held in the Agarwals' bungalow under the presidency of Mr. S. B. Dalavi, and a 'Shetki Sabha' (Peasants Sabha) was formed and several resolutions asking for substantial reduction in land revenue, redemption of debts, condemnation of the new ministry formed, demanding immediate holding of newly elected legislative assembly session were passed. Then election was held in which Shet Ramchandra Ganpatrao Agarwal was elected as President with fifteen members on the Committee.

Our Rajkot Letter

DR. PATTABHI'S VISIT

Two Hundred Persons Suffer From Coolie Poisoning

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, (By Mail). Addressing a public meeting held at Rajkot in the civil station limits on April 1, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya disproved the contention that provincial autonomy is a real one by citing facts and figures and by showing that every trace of democracy has been withheld from it by safeguards. He took up details one after another and traced the history of this constitution from the time the British Government took over India from the East India Company.

With the new powers conferred upon the Viceroy he styled him as Four-faced Brahma, (1) Viceroy, (2) Governor-General-in-Council, (3) Governor-General in Discretion and (4) Governor-General in Judgment. He failed to understand how the last two powers could be properly exercised. The Viceroy draws every half minute one rupee as pay and Rs. 2 1/2 by way of allowance.

Referring to textiles he touched the dumping by Japan and bounty it gave to its industry. By way of excise duty India is a loser by 12 1/2 p.c. Even the foreign yarn from which Calico Mills manufacture articles which can successfully compete with Lancashire is taxed 2 p.c. per lb. Eastern countries are highly awake to their national consciousness and hence refuse to buy every foreign article. Civil Services are untouched and are spread over even in native States to form a solid bloc in Federal Chambers.

The A.G.G., Western India States Agency and Lady Latimer attended the opening ceremony of exhibition organised by the Hunter Mail Training College Association. More than 400 teachers both male and female have come from all over the province.

'COOLIE' POISONING

About 200 cases of cream 'coolie' poisoning men treated by the West Hospital, Rajkot. There were at least a dozen cases of serious nature. Had it not been for the timely medical aid rendered by the medical authorities, some cases would have proved fatal. Credit is due to them that not a single case proved fatal. The nature of the poison has not been traced. The 'coolie' seller's articles are seized by the Rajkot State Police.

The weight-lifting competition, which was arranged by the Bombay Amateur Athletic Club to be held on Sunday, April 11, has been postponed to Sunday, April 18, at the same time and place, the headquarters of the Club in Wilson Building, Vincent Road, Dadar.

Tribesmen Open Rifle Fire On British Troops

MILL STRIKE AT BHAVNAGAR

Sequel To Alleged Beating Of Worker And His Dismissal

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHAVNAGAR, April 10. As expected, last night there is general strike among 400 weaving workers to-day in Mahalaxmi Mills. This is because one Bengali officer, newly appointed on 1st April is alleged to have given blows to Himatsingh Jalamsingh, a worker in the weaving department. The matter was taken to the police. Himatsingh was dismissed. A meeting of all workers was held this morning. A Major Mahajan worker gave advice to observe peace.

BOGUS NATIONAL WORKERS

Gujarat Socialist Secretary's Warning

DOHAD, (By Mail). Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Secretary, Gujarat Congress Socialist Party, writes:— A person posing as a national worker has been moving in Gujarat and collecting money, giving out that he is being sent by Sjt. Achut Patwardhan and myself. Yesterday he went to Broach, and using my name, extorted some money from Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, M.L.A., and President of the Broach Municipality.

The public is hereby warned not to help such persons, and if this person is found, he should be dealt with according to law.

BOHRA MULLAJI DEFAMATION CASE

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, (By Mail).

As a sequel to tendering evidence in the Bohra Mullaji Defamation case conducted in Godhra, some four Bohra youths have been excommunicated and these youths are the victim of social boycott and they are denied pan-bidi and other things from the shops of the Bohras. An assistant working in a shop of an excommunicated youth has been forced to resign by the orthodox leaders.

Interesting evidence is being tendered in the defamation case launched by the Dohad Bohra Mullaji against the Editor of "Guzare Halim". The alleged offence of the youths was that they tendered evidence in favour of the Editor.



Mass meeting held under the auspices of the Lanka Sama Samaja Party on the occasion of the anti-Constitution Hartal on April 1st on Galla Face Green, Colombo. Shreemati Kamaladevi was the chief speaker, about 25,000 persons being present on the occasion.

25 KILLED & 40 WOUNDED? Attackers Believed To Be Fakir's Followers

NEW DELHI, April 10. A communique says that 25 Government troops are believed to have been killed and 40 wounded in the engagement on the Frontier yesterday between Supply Convoy and hostile tribesmen, eight miles west of Jandola and near the western exit of Shahur Tangi. These casualties include six British officers killed and five British officers wounded. One of the aircraft which assisted the convoy was damaged by rifle fire and made forced landing without injury to the crew.

The Convoy consisted of 40 lorries with supplies with escort of four armoured cars and 125 infantry in lorries.

The communique declares that there is little doubt that attackers were followers of the Fakir of Ipi and were inspired by him.—A. P.

GOVT. COMMUNIQUE

A communique says:—

"On the morning of April 9 a normal Supply Convoy left Manzai for Wana via Jandola and Sarwekal in South Waziristan. The convoy consisted of 45 lorries with supplies, with an escort of four armoured cars and 125 infantry in lorries. One aircraft was co-operating with the Convoy. In addition, the route was plighted by Khassadars.

The general situation as regards Mahsuds of South Waziristan is reported from all sources to be satisfactory, and following the Mahsud Jirga, which was held last month, the Mahsud Malikhs have taken steps to control bad characters in the neighbourhood of Jandola Sarwekal road, when the head of the Convoy reached a point some eight miles to the west of Jandola, and near the western exit of Shahur Tangi, it was fired on by hostile tribesmen.

The strength of the gang is not yet known, but it is believed to have consisted of Wazir and Mahsud irreconcilables, led by the notorious bad character Khorela Khel, which had come down from the Bhaktu valley, some 20 miles to the north, in order to commit an outrage on the road. There is little doubt that the gang were followers of, and inspired by the Fakir of Ipi, and were not for the first part of Mahsuds of the area in which they operated.

ATTACK AND AFTER.

When the convoy was attacked, a leading armoured car, with three leading supply lorries, went on to split Khassadar post, and having left lorries there, returned to convoy. In the meantime, an infantry of escort debussed and proceeded to engage the gang. The news of the attack on the convoy soon reached Jandola, and a company of the 418th Punjab Regiment, with a machine-gun platoon and a section of armoured cars, was sent up from Manzai, some scouts from Jandola accompanying them to the scene of action. The party was followed later by another company from Manzai. In the meantime an additional air-craft was sent out, and parties of the south Waziristan scouts moved up from Sarwekal to west, and Jandola to east. These troops attacked the gang on high grounds, north of Shahur Tangi, and fighting continued during the day.

Full details of the engagement are not yet available, but a portion of the convoy (19 to 20 lorries) got through to Sarwekal, and thence to Wana, while the remaining lorries halted in Tangi and at Chagmalai post. On the evening of April 9, the scouts and troops were engaged, leaving a detachment to picket lorries in Tangi, withdrawal to Chagmalai being closely followed up. During the day, one of our aircraft was damaged by rifle fire, and made a forced landing near Chagmalai without injury to the crew. On the 10th of April, there was no serious fighting and by 2 p.m. all the lorries proceeded either forward to Wana or back to Manzai.

25 KILLED?

Full details of our own and the enemy casualties are not yet available. Our unconfirmed casualties are believed to be 25 killed (including 6 British Officers) and 40

wounded (including 5 British officers).

According to the latest information, the attack on the Convoy was the work of a gang from Bhaktu, led by the notorious Mahsud raider Khonia Khel, Mahsud Malikhs and Khassadars in the vicinity of Shahur Tangi are reported to be still friendly."

It is understood that the only further information available about the Mahammadan District Board overseer and the Hindu munshi who were reported as having been kidnaped on April 8 is that they were carried off from Khassadar post near Maji Khel in Bannu District.—A. P. I.

CASUALTIES IN FRONTIER FIGHTING

Situation in N. Waziristan Unchanged

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The following seven British officers were killed in south Waziristan on April 9 and April 10: Major H. W. D. Palmer and Captain M.B. Courtney, both 3/16th Punjab Regiment, Captain N. M. "Durrani" I.M.S., Lieutenant E.C.I. Hinde R.E. 19th Field Company, Sappers and Miners, Lieutenant M. Earle, 2nd Mountain Battery, R.A., Lieutenant E.S.R. France, 3/7th Rajput Regiment, 2nd Lieutenant G. L. Scott, 3rd Royal Battalion, 12th Frontier Force Regiment.

Two British non-commissioned officers, twenty I.O.R.s were killed.

WOUNDED.

Following five British officers were wounded: Major T. Z. Waters R.I.A.S.C., Captain S. D. Wilcock, 1/16th Punjab Regiment attached to South Waziristan Scouts, 2nd Lieutenant L.H.M. Parsons, Probans house, Captain A. Paton, 2nd Mountain Battery, Lieut. F. D. Robertson, 19th Hyderabad Regiment.

One British N.C.O. and two Indian N.C.O.s and 37 I.O.R.s were wounded.

The Lashkar which attacked the convoy at Shahur Tangi on April 9 evacuated its position on the morning of April 10.

It is reported the Lashkar consisted of Jalal Kher, Abdur Rahman Khel, Nazir Khel Mahsuds and some Britanni.

Details of the casualties sustained by the Lashkar are not yet known.

SITUATION IN N. WAZIRISTAN.

There does not appear to be general unrest at present amongst the Mahsuds. The situation in North Waziristan remains the same. Large parties of hostile tribesmen have collected in various places, seeking opportunities for mischief.—A. P.

Charges Framed Against J. P. Narain

PATNA, April 11.

Charges were framed to-day by the City Magistrate, under sections 188 and 145 I.P.C., against Jai Prakash Narain, Congress Socialist leader, Rambrish Benipuri, a local Congressman, and six others who were arrested on April 1 on charge of taking out a procession in connection with the hartal, in defiance of police orders. The accused pleaded not guilty, though they admitted they took out a procession.—A. P.